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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXIX NO. 72 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MARCH 26, 1941 PRICE: ONE ANNA

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Yugoslavia Lines Up With Axis

SUICIDE PACT ON PROMISE OF LIFE

Graziani Quits

Italian Army Command Changes

ROME, March 25.

Marshal Graziani, Commander-in-Chief in Africa, has resigned at his own request according to an official announcement here to-day. He is succeeded by General Italo Garibaldi.

Marshal Graziani ceases to be Chief of Staff of the Army, Governor of Libya and the Superior Commanding Officer of the armed forces of North Africa, says an official statement. General Italo Garibaldi is appointed Governor of Libya and Superior Commanding Officer of the Italian armed forces in North Africa.

General Mario Roatta of the General Army Corps, and Deputy Chief of the General Staff of the Army, assumes the position of the Chief of General Staff General of Division, Francesco Rossi, is appointed Deputy Chief of General Staff.—Reuter.

Situation Serious

LONDON, March 25.

The situation in Syria remains serious, it is reported from Istanbul by the Moscow radio to-day.

Sentences of three to five years were passed on demonstrators in Damascus.—Reuter.

BATTLE OF ATLANTIC

Less Losses In British And Allied Shipping

LONDON, March 25.

It is announced in London that the shipping losses for the week ending March 16 are:— 23 ships of a total tonnage of 71,773 tons.

British and Allied Shipping losses of 23 ships totalling 71,773 tons announced in London today show a further fall in Britain's reverses in the battle of the Atlantic by sinking, the figures comparing with 29 ships of 148,038 tons sunk during the week ending March 2. Against this loss of 318,603 tons in three weeks, the enemy losses since the last report five weeks ago have been about 300,000 tons.

Seventeen British ships of the tonnage of 60,670 were lost during the week ending March 16th/17th and six allied ships were lost totalling 11,103 tons, says an Admiralty announcement. Meanwhile, the enemy losses since the last report five weeks ago have been about 300,000 tons. Since the beginning of the war, German losses by capture, sinking or scuttling have been approximately 1,49,000 tons and Italian losses 790,000 tons. In addition, they have suffered the loss of about 62,000 tons of neutral shipping under their control or useful to them.

Belgrade Decree To Crush Popular Will

BLOW TO BALKAN UNITY: TURKEY ON THE VIGIL

Two Million Bayonets Ready To Defend Ataturk's Legacy

BERLIN, March 25.

YUGOSLAVIA'S signature of the Tripartite Pact is announced in an official German News Agency despatch from Vienna.

FIFTH STATE TO ENTER AXIS FOLD

It says: "Yugoslavia at noon today entered the Three-Power Pact being the fifth State to do so. The signature took place as in the case of the entry of Hungary and Bulgaria at Belvedere Castle in the presence of Herr von Ribbentrop, M. Tsvetkovitch and M. Markovitch.

As representatives of the Powers of the Three-Power Pact, the Italian Foreign Minister, Count Ciano, the Japanese Ambassador in Berlin, General Oshima and the Ministers of Slovakia, Hungary, Rumania and Bulgaria were present.

Numerous representatives of the foreign press also attended."

Text Of Pact

The adherence of Yugoslavia to the Tripartite Pact is announced by the Official News Agency as follows:—"The Governments of Germany, Italy and Japan on the one hand and the Government of Yugoslavia on the other hand, through their respective plenipotentiaries, have agreed as follows:

ARTICLE ONE:—Yugoslavia joins the Three-Power Pact signed in Berlin on September 27, 1940, between Germany, Italy and Japan.

ARTICLE TWO:—In so far as it concerns the joint technical commissions provided for in Article Four of the Three-Power Pact, discussions of the Commission which concern the interests of Yugoslavia will be attended by representatives of Yugoslavia.

ARTICLE THREE:—The text of the Tripartite Pact is appended to the Protocol as the foundation. The Protocol is drawn up in German, Italian, Japanese and Yugoslavian, each text having the validity of an original document. It comes into operation on the day of the signing."

Two Assurances

Two assurances in writing were addressed on behalf of the German Government by Herr von Ribbentrop to the Jugoslav Prime Minister and handed to him at the time of the signing of the Pact. In the first Herr von Ribbentrop writes: "The German Government to-day reaffirmed its determination to respect at all times the sovereignty and territorial integrity of Yugoslavia."

In the second he wrote: "In the name of the German Government I confirm that during the war the Governments of the Axis Powers will not make any demands on Yugoslavia to allow the passage or, transit of troops through Jugoslav territory."

Hitler's Reception

After the signature ceremony Herr Hitler held a reception at Belvedere Palace during which over coffee he talked especially with the Jugoslav Premier and Foreign Minister, Count Ciano and the Japanese Ambassador. Among those present were Field Marshal Keitel and the German Ambassador in Rome.

Hitler arrived in Vienna at 11-15 to meet the Yugoslav delegates, says a Vienna despatch to the official German News Agency. He is staying at Hotel Imperial.

On his arrival in Vienna, Herr Hitler was received by Herr von Ribbentrop, Field Marshal Keitel, Chief of Staff, and Baldur von Schirach, the Governor of Vienna and the Governor of the Lower Danube, says the German News Agency. Herr Hitler was accompanied by the Press Chief, Dr. Dietrich, and Herr Bormann, another Reich Leader.

Government have banned all public meetings and the police are on duty for twenty-four hours. All army leave has been cancelled.

The Jugoslav Prime Minister, M. Tsvetkovitch, and Foreign Minister, M. Cincarmarkovitch, left Belgrade for Germany accompanied by Von Herren, German Minister.

Nazi Order Accepted

The signature of the Axis Pact by Jugoslav Ministers took place at about 14.00 local time and was carried out with much solemnity. Herr von Ribbentrop stated that "Jugoslavia had expressed a wish to join the Three-Power Pact and that the Great Powers, united therein, had agreed to comply with this wish."

After the signatures had been affixed the Jugoslav Premier, M. Tsvetkovitch said: "Jugoslavia makes no external demands, but her vital interests demand that her economic position should be strengthened by economic co-operation throughout Europe."

Minister To Moscow Resigns

The Yugoslav Minister to Moscow, M. Gavrilovitch, has sent in his resignation on Monday afternoon, according to Yugoslav diplomatic circles here. M. Gavrilovitch who is a member of the Agrarian Party has considerable political weight in his country and is one of the best known journalists in Yugoslavia.—Reuter.

"Those Who Play With People's Heads, Play With Their Own"

Popular Rage In Belgrade: Turkey Only Awaits Word From Her Chief: America Freezes Yugoslav Funds

LONDON, March 25.

"Our cup is full" declares a leaflet widely distributed by a patriotic organisation in Belgrade. The signature of the Tripartite Pact is described in the leaflet as meaning "certain shameful death for the country and the freedom of the people. Those who play with the heads of sixteen million people play with their own heads."

REACTION IN TURKEY

ANKARA, March 25.

Although Yugoslavia's submission to Axis pressure is regretted here and it is realised that the step means the end of the possibility of United Balkan resistance, it is felt that it makes no fundamental difference to Turkey's position. The Turkish Government never over-estimated the strength of Yugoslav leader's resistance to German pressure, it is stated.

Meanwhile the Turks are being enjoined to look forward to the future with firmness. M. Sami, Turkish Deputy, appeals to them "to pay taxes joyfully" in a leading article in the semi-official "Ulus" in which he calls on the people to make financial sacrifices for national defence. The Turks who prefer death to slavery will not grudge paying and "what the country needs is taxes and more taxes."

This article is believed to be authoritative and to foreshadow heavy increases in taxation.

"If the nation's Chief judges that war alone can safeguard the sacred trust inherited from Kemal Ataturk, the people will instantly and unhesitatingly take up the fight", writes the "Vatan" discussing the latest developments in the Balkans.

The newspaper adds:—"The full weight of two million Turkish bayonets will then be thrown into the final issue of the war and the Turkish civilian population will indisputably follow the heroic British people."

YUGOSLAV FUNDS FROZEN

WASHINGTON:—President Roosevelt has ordered all Yugoslav funds in the United States to be frozen.

After protracted crises, American opinion was prepared for the Yugoslav cessions and accepts the position with disappointment but not alarm, while radio commentators and leader writers find consolation in the stubbornness of Yugoslav resistance. It is widely believed that the Serbians will prove the toughest proposition the Nazis have yet tackled and reports from Belgrade of hostility to the Government's "sell out" are welcomed.

WHERE GAIN BRINGS WEAKNESS

The "New York Times" says that the terms of surrender are not those that Hitler wanted and "the struggle he had in dragging the Yugoslavs to Vienna makes it all too evident that though he has gained their signature, he has not won their co-operation. Each new signature he collects costs more concessions. The New Order grows less attractive as it spreads and Hitler's power is weakening as he advances. For him the last step is hardest."

Polytechnic Principal To See Gandhiji

WARDHA, March 25.

Mr. W. Wood, Principal of the Polytechnic, Government of India, arrived this evening to study the working of the various national institutions at Wardha, Nalwadi and Sevagram.

It is understood that Mr. Wood will meet Mahatma Gandhi and discuss with him the basic education.—United Press.

Hitch In Indo-Burma Trade Talks?

NEW DELHI, March 25.

It is learned that a critical stage in the Indo-Burma trade negotiations was reached this afternoon when the delegates of the two countries met again after a three weeks' interval. It is feared that a reconciliation of the two opposing view points revealed to-day may not be easy.

INDIA'S TERMS

At to-day's meeting, it is understood, the final proposals of the Government of India's delegation on the fundamental issues were put before the Burma delegation. It is gathered that on the acceptance of these proposals will depend whether the negotiations will continue or not.

The Burma Delegation's reply is expected to be available to the Government of India by Thursday.—A. P.

STRIKE WAVE IN AMERICA

"Reds" Out To Complete Steel Tie-Up: Martin Dies' Charge

LONDON, March 25.

The Washington correspondent of the "New York Times" says that according to War Department estimates, over a million man-days of work have been lost since January 1 by the strikes of workers on army contracts.

20 STRIKES NOW ON

An official told him that 20 strikes were now in progress of which eight concerned contracts of major importance to the army.

CHARGE AGAINST "REDS"

Mr. Martin Dies, head of the Commission of Inquiry into un-American activities said that he had "indisputable evidence that the Communist Party is working towards a complete tie-up of the steel industry."

STEEL STRIKE CALLED

The Steel Workers Organising Committee of the Congress of Industrial Organisations has called a strike at Bethlehem Steel Company's factory here.

The factory employs 18,000 men working on over one thousand million dollar worth of defence orders.

The Committee's action is a sequel to alleged activities by members of unions not affiliated to the C. I. O.

Carrying out the strike called yesterday half of the 4,000 men on midnight shift at the Bethlehem Steel Company's factory did not report for work.

Union officials said that they hoped to have the plant entirely stopped by the midnight of Wednesday.—Reuter.

Ex-Premier Of Yugoslavia In Britain

ATHENS March 25.

M. Stoyadinovitch, former pro-Axis Prime Minister of Yugoslavia who is now in British hands, travelled through Greece on March 18 embarked on a foreign ship at Salonika, according to Athens newspapers.

He was accompanied by two Serbs and left Greek territory immediately.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

U. S. Reaction To Russo-Turkish Pact

WASHINGTON, March 25.

The United States' satisfaction at the Soviet assurances to Turkey, which are regarded here as a practically unprecedented move, was expressed by the Assistant Secretary of State Mr. Sumner Welles.

Mr. Welles also indicated that the United States took active diplomatic measures in an effort to persuade Jugoslavia to resist the Axis demands.—Reuter.

HALIFAX ON BRITAIN'S WAR & PEACE AIMS

NEW YORK, March 25.

Britain's War and Peace aims were defined by Lord Halifax in a speech at a dinner of the Pilgrims Society here to-night as winning the war, preventing the repetition of such a tragedy and helping to ensure future prosperity, justly shared.

Lord Halifax continued, "this struggle is a mortal clash between two philosophies and we only delude ourselves if we suppose that the civilisation which we share with you would survive a Nazi victory. It is not only with physical invasion that we are concerned but with spiritual invasion, which, if permitted, would work greater havoc than all the tons of high explosives that it is in the power of the German air force to unload.—Reuter.

Russo-Japanese Relations

Stalin's Participation In Moscow Talks Brightens Pact Prospects

BERLIN, March 25.

Mr. Matsuoka left Moscow for Berlin at 11-15 p.m. local time.

No News Of Talks

Mr. Ishii, Deputy Spokesman of the Japanese Information Board in Tokyo, is reported by the Domei Agency to have said that Mr. Matsuoka was seen off in Moscow last night by M. Lozovsky, the Deputy People's Commissar for Foreign Affairs and the German and Italian Ambassadors and is due in Berlin to-morrow. He leaves for Rome on March 31.

Mr. Ishii said that he has received no official information of the nature of yesterday's talks between Mr. Matsuoka and M. Molotov and M. Stalin.

Pact Prospects

The presence of M. Stalin at yesterday's talk between Mr. Matsuoka and M. Molotov, the Soviet Foreign Commissar, is interpreted by some Moscow observers as indicating especially rapid progress in the relations of the Soviet and Japan, says a Moscow dispatch to the French Official News Agency. M. Stalin, it is pointed out, does not usually participate personally in diplomatic conversations.

It is considered not impossible that an economic and possibly political agreement may emerge from the negotiations.

Nothing indicated such speedy contacts and it was generally supposed that there would be no Russo-Japanese talks before Mr. Matsuoka's return journey. It is no secret, says the dispatch, that Russian observers have for some time regarded the ground as having been prepared for a more active phase of Russo-Japanese relations. A permanent Russo-Japanese Commission was set up on January 20.

Matsuoka In London

Mr. Matsuoka could go to London if he wished, said Mr. Ishii, the Deputy Spokesman of the Japanese Information Board when questioned on Mr. Matsuoka's itinerary after leaving Rome, says a Tokyo message: Mr. Ishii said with a laugh: "I hope he would not be shot down while flying to London".—Reuter.

ANOTHER LOSS TO GERMAN SHIPPING

LONDON, March 25.

Another loss to German shipping is revealed in an Admiralty "communique" which states that the merchantship 'Oder' of 8,516 tons has been intercepted.

The "Oder" which was endeavouring to escape from Massawa was intercepted by the British sloop "Shireham", reports the Commander-in-Chief of East Indies.—Reuter.

NEW HIGH RECORD IN BR. EXPENDITURE

LONDON, March 25.

Britain's expenditure has reached a new high record last week. During the week ending March 22, the total ordinary expenditure amounted to 102,699,000 sterling or over 14,671,000 daily.

The total ordinary revenue is only slightly over three and half million sterling below the estimate for the financial year with nine days to run and the estimate is thus certain to be exceeded.—Reuter.

LONDON, March 25.

Japan has issued a decree ordering the Japanese holders of funds abroad to report about the holdings to the Finance Minister.—United Press.

Nazis In Tripoli

Serious View Taken In British Capital

LONDON, March 25.

The presence of German armoured forces in Tripolitania is attracting attention in military quarters in London.

It is known that such forces have been there for some time and it is believed that they were recently reinforced by forces conveyed from Sicily by sea and air under cover of darkness.

Their strength is not definitely known, but they are believed to have reached dimensions which cannot be ignored.

News has not yet reached London of any German infantry formations arriving in Tripolitania.—Reuter.

FOOD FOR FRANCE REACHES GERMANY

Has Vichy Govt.'s Attention Drawn To This Fact?

LONDON, March 25.

Confirmation that a proportion of the imports—which include considerable quantities of foodstuffs—into unoccupied France from French North Africa undoubtedly passes to the Germans was given by the Minister for Economic Warfare Dr. Dalton at question time in the House of Commons to-day.

Dr. Dalton had previously been interrogated about Government's policy regarding foodships to France and repeated the well-known British standpoint.

The Liberal, Mr. Geoffrey Mander, asserted that 200,000 tons of goods entered Marseilles in three recent weeks and that the greater part thereof went to Germany. Dr. Dalton said that the newspaper 'La Semaphore' had stated that 239,000 tons of cargo arrived in Marseilles from all destinations during that period. Another questioner asked whether the Vichy Government's attention has been drawn to the fact that food from the French colonies is going to Germany instead of relieving the situation in France. Dr. Dalton merely replied "we have information that a certain proportion of these imports reaches the enemy. Flour in two ships now 'en route' is intended only for unoccupied France and its distribution there will be under effective American control.—Reuter.

SENTENCE ON ABDUL KARIM REDUCED

PESHAWAR, March 25.

The Additional Sessions Judge to-day reduced by six months' the sentence of Mr. Abdul Karim, a school teacher of Utmanzai, who had been sentenced by a lower court to 18 months' imprisonment under Rules 38(A) and (C) of the Defence of India Rules in connection with his articles appearing in the "Pukhtun", Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan's journal, which has now stopped publication.—United Press.

MRS. DHARMADHIKARI ARRESTED

WARDHA, March 25.

Mrs. Damayantibai Dharmadhikari, wife of Acharya Dada Dharmadhikari of the Hindi Prachar Samiti, Wardha, was arrested for delivering anti-war speeches and brought to Wardha, jail this evening.

It will be recalled that Mrs. Damayantibai offered Satyagraha for the first time on January 10, and after two days' detention in jail was released last month. Again she offered Satyagraha, but being left unarrested was touring in Wardha district.

Her trial may be held to-morrow.—United Press.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

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STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

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Would receive friendly correspondence from ladies and gents. Communicate with Box No. 14377, "Bombay Chronicle."

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Wanted Salesman having experience in Hardware, Glassware, Lampware etc. apply Box 14378 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Solicitor Assistant. Apply stating experience to Box No. 14381 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Salesman for printing Inks. Paints and Colours, Stationery Articles and Playing Cards etc., to work in Bombay Presidency and Neighbouring states. Apply stating previous experience and minimum remuneration acceptable to the Sales Manager, Crescent Ink Co., Mcleod Road, Lahore. (4643)

Wanted by European concern first-class stenographer preferably with experience in Textile Machinery and Millstores. Apply Box No. 4644 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted for a large Cotton Mill highly competent Weaving Master with long experience of fine counts and Jacquard weaving. Should possess knowledge of cloth testing and analysing. Good salary to a really first class man. Apply with testimonials to Box No. 14366, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Territorial Representatives by a very old and well-established Life Insurance Company. Apply for an interview with the Managing Director stating experience, ideas and cost. Box No. 4625, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Civil Engineer Prepared to join immediately. Preference to Non-Brahmins. Age 30—40. Apply stating Qualifications, terms etc., to Box No. 14364, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a Head-Clerk with long experience of Cotton Mill routine and sound knowledge of Book-Keeping and Accounts. Apply Box No. 14365, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Instructors in Fitting, Turning, Pattern Making and Carpentry, Machining, Smithy, Moulding, Tin and Copper Smiths' Work, for classes held in connection with the Technical Training Scheme of the Government of India. Appointments will be on temporary basis. Salary according to qualifications. Applicants must be in a position to join immediately. Apply giving full particulars and salary required to the Principal & Secretary, Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Matunga, Bombay. (4637)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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NOTICE.

"I HEREBY INFORM that my clients Messrs. LAXMIDAS BROS. have no connection with the Eros Paint and Varnish Co; Khadak Bombay and disclaim any liabilities undertaken by them."

I. SEQUEIRA,
Advocate.
(14382)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the partnership heretofore subsisting between the undersigned Prabhudas Pitambardas Adalja and Karim Alladin Noorani carrying on business as Architects, Civil Engineers & Surveyors in the name and style of "Adalja & Noorani" lastly carrying on business at Mustafa Building, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Bombay, has been DISSOLVED as from 20th March, 1941.

AND THAT the undersigned Prabhudas Pitambardas Adalja will carry on his separate business as Architect, Civil Engineer & Surveyor in the name and style of "Adalja & Co.," at Great Social Building, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Bombay.

AND THAT the undersigned Karim Alladin Noorani will carry on his separate business as Architect, Civil Engineer and Surveyor in the name and style of "Karim Noorani & Co.," at the aforesaid Mustafa Building, Sir Pherozeshah Mehta Road, Bombay.

Bombay dated 25th March, 1941
PRABHUDAS PITAMBARDAS ADALJA.
KARIM ALLADIN NOORANI.
4642

62. TO BE LET.

Decent and Airy flats, shops, and rooms "Sham Bhuvan" Building, opp. Babulnath Temple, Chowpatty. 2. "Wassiamull Building," Grant Road. 3. "Wassiamull Mansion," Gowalia Tank. Apply at the premises or Wassiamull Assomull and Co., Kalbadevi Road, Telephone No. 21338. (14328)

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Khandala, centrally situated fully furnished bungalow with outhouses, drawing, dining, four bed, rich crockery, electric lights excellent view. Bennett Auctioneers, 120, Apollo Street, Bombay. (14371)

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322. MACHINERY FOR SALE

Dairy Machine Parts.—Dealers requiring parts of Dairy Machines, Gramophones etc. can obtain same by writing to Box No. 14380 "Bombay Chronicle."

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents to push our buttons. Terms moderate. Send Rs. 3|- for our sample set. Friends & Co. 33. Nabadwip Lane, Dacca (Bengal). (14319)

Applications are invited for Chief Agency for Bombay. Excellent terms for good and influential workers. Men, with experience, guaranteeing decent business need alone, apply immediately with full particulars to Free India General Insurance Co., Ltd., Cawnpore. (14327)

652. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Wanted wholesalers to buy from immediate stocks British made cellulose and synthetic enamels, flat oil paints, distempers, etc., etc. Write 14375 "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on Thursday, the 3rd April 1941, at 3 P.M. (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:—

1. Appointment of Mayor for the year 1941-42.
2. Election of two members of the Standing Committee to hold office up to 31st March 1942, 'vice' (1) Mr. M. M. Killedar and (2) Mr. Mohamed Umar Rajab, resigned.
3. Election of one member of the Standing Committee to hold office up to 31st March 1943, 'vice' Mr. M. V. Donde, resigned.
4. Election of two Councillor-members of the Schools Committee to hold office up to 31st March 1942, 'vice' Dr. Homi F. Pavri, and Mr. Khimji M. Bhujpuria, resigned.
5. Election of three Councillor-members of the Schools Committee to hold office up to 31st March 1943 to fill in (a) the one vacancy not filled in at the March Meeting; and (b) two vacancies caused by the resignations of (1) Mr. M. V. Donde and (2) Mrs. Khadija Shuffi Tyabji.
6. (a) Letter from Dr. Sorab P. Mehta—resigning his seat on the King George V Memorial Committee; and (b) election of one nominee on the Managing Committee of the King George V Memorial.
7. Election of six members of the Works Committee 'vice' (1) Mr. Naushir C. Bharucha, (2) Mr. D. D. Carcary, (3) Mr. A. L. Curtay, (4) Mr. Mancherji E. Joshi (5) Mr. D. V. Pradhan and (6) Dr. G. R. A. Sheikh, resigned
8. Election of four members of the Medical Relief and Public Health Committee, 'vice' (1) Mr. B. J. Deorukhkar, (2) Mr. M. M. Killedar, (3) Dr. Homi F. Pavri and (4) Mrs. Khadija Shuffi Tyabji, resigned.
9. Election of seven members of the Markets and Gardens Committee 'vice' (1) Mr. A. A. Balgmahomed, (2) Mr. A. K. Alimahomed Gatarwalla, (3) Mr. M. S. Manyar, (4) Mr. Fatehkhan A. Munshi, (5) Mr. M. U. Rajab, (6) Mr. F. M. H. Ramzan and (7) Mr. M. E. Serang, resigned.
10. Election of five members of the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committeee, 'vice' (1) Mr. M. V. Donde, (2) Mr. Y. G. Pandit, (3) Mr. M. O. E. Patel, (4) Mr. M. N. Talpade and (5) Mr. R. K. Tatnis, resigned.
11. Election of five members of the Tramways and Telephone Committee, 'vice' (1) Mr. B. J. Deorukhkar, (2) Mr. R. F. Munshi, (3) Mr. Y. G. Pandit, (4) Mr. F. M. H. Ramzan and (5) Mr. R. K. Tatnis, resigned.
12. Interpellations.
13. Letter from the widow of an ex-labourer in the Markets Department—Applying for gratuity amount due to her husband.
14. Letter from Rao Bahadur K. B. Bhadrapur—Regarding the recovery of a premium for encroachment on the compulsory open space of his plot in Shivaji Park Scheme.
15. Letter from the Secretary, Timber Merchants Association—Regarding the Nizamul Muslimeen Nizampura High School in Nizampura Street.
16-18. Letters from the authorities of (16) Shree Shivaji Vyayam Mandir, Bhoiwada; (17) Prof. Date's Charitable Dumb and Deaf Institute; and (18) Industrial Education Society's National Industrial School—Forwarding copies of the Annual Reports, etc., of their respective institutions.
19. Letter from the authorities of the Mumbai Marathi Granth Sangrahalaya—Applying for an increased grant-in-aid to their institution.
20. Letter from the Secretary, Hindi Hitaishi Pustakalaya—Requesting to take over the charge of the library at Gokhale Road, South.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

21. Regarding the question of assessment of certain properties.
22. Regarding the variation of certain contracts entered into by the Commissioner so as to admit of cement being supplied to contractors through the Municipality, etc.
23. Intimating the rescission of their Resolution regarding payment of extra allowance to the staff at Municipal Hospitals.
24. Regarding the Municipal Chief Auditor's Report on the examination of the ledgers, etc., of the Assessment Department.

Resolutions of the Improvements Committee—

25. Regarding a proposal to permit the construction of pump-houses, etc., on compulsory open spaces of plots in Improvement Schemes Estates and Shivaji Park Scheme.
26. Regarding the reservation of a certain plot in the Dadar-Matunga Estate (North) for a combined market.
27. Regarding the condonation of the breach of certain Building Rules in respect of a building in Scheme 37, Sydenham Road Estate.
28. Regarding re-entry on certain plots in Scheme No. 6, Sion-Matunga Estate.

Resolutions of the Special Committees—

29. Regarding the plan and estimate for laying water mains with hydrants in a certain portion of King Edward Road.
30. Regarding quack occulists practising in the City.
31. Regarding the question of framing bye-laws under the Bombay Shops and Establishments Act.
32. Regarding the question of granting advances to Municipal employees for constructing houses even on land not belonging to the Corporation.
33. Regarding representation of the Corporation on the Provincial Board of Primary Education.
34. Regarding an initial advance and an annual subsidy from the Fines Fund to Municipal Co-operative Credit Societies for starting Co-operative Stores, etc.

Schools Committee's Letters—

35. Forwarding a quarterly list of unanswered references from the Corporation.
36. Regarding the inclusion in the Census Report of 1941 of a literacy table showing age, sex and language of the population.
37-38. Regarding donations for distributing sweets amongst children in certain Municipal schools, etc.
39. Reporting on the question of providing books, free of cost, to pupils from poorer classes in Municipal schools.

Communications from the Commissioner—

40. Forwarding a list showing the breeding places of Malaria carrying mosquitoes detected in January 1941.
41-42. Reporting on applications for gratuity, etc., from certain ex-Municipal employees.
43. Requesting sanction to the acquisition of a property at De-Lisle Road.
44. Regarding the loan of the services of a Municipal Officer of the Assessment Department to the Bandra Municipality.
45. Forwarding the Monthly Analytical and Bacteriological Reports on the Bombay Water Supplies.
46. Forwarding copies of the Municipal Servants' List.
47-48. Letters from Professor Sohrab R. Davar and Mr. R. K. Tatnis—Resigning their seats on the Standing Committee.
49-51. Letters from Mr. A. K. Alimahomed Gatarwalla, Mr. Mancherji E. Joshi and Mr. D. V. Pradhan—Resigning their seats on the Improvements Committee.
52-54. Letters from Mr. Fatehmahomed Haji Ramzan, Mrs. Khadija Shuffi Tyabji and Mr. M. V. Donde—Resigning their seats on the Schools Committee.
55. Letter from Dr. Sorab P. Mehta—Resigning his seat on the Bombay Port Trust Board.
56. Letter from Mr. M. O. E. Patel—Resigning his seat on the Managing Board of Bai Bachuba Charitable Dispensary.
57-58. Letters from Mr. Fatehmahomed Haji Ramzan—Resigning his seat on the Managing Boards of the (57) Blind Relief Association; and (58) Anjuman-i-Nizamul Muslimeen.
59. Letter from Dr. Homi F. Pavri—Resigning his seat on the Managing Board of the Adams Wylie Memorial Hospital.
60-61. Letters from Dr. G. R. A. Sheikh and Mr. Mohamed Umar Rajab—Resigning their seats on the Managing Boards of certain Aided Institutions.
62. Letter from Dr. Sorab P. Mehta—Resigning his seat on the Committee regarding retrenchment in the Schools Committee's expenditure.
63-66. Letters from Mr. Naushir C. Bharucha, Mr. A. P. Sabavala, Dr. G. R. A. Sheikh and Mr. Mohamed Umar Rajab—Resigning their seats on the Grants-in-Aid Committee.
67. Letter from Mr. Naushir C. Bharucha—Resigning his seat on the Committee regarding construction of reservoirs on Worli and Rowli Hills.
68. Letter from Mr. Aboobakar Usman Darvesh on behalf of Mr. Suleman M. A. Darvesh—Applying for leave of absence from the Meetings of the Corporation.

Communications from the Municipal Secretary—

69. Submitting a statement of references pending before the Committees of the Corporation.
70. Submitting a list of Resolutions calling for reports from the Commissioner which have not been received.
71. Submitting a statement of Interpellations remaining unreplied to by the Commissioner.
72. Submitting a return of attendance of Councillors at meetings of the Corporation, of the Standing Committee, of the Improvements Committee and of the Committees and Sub-Committees, etc., during the year ending 31st March, 1941.

Reports of the Committees of the Corporation—

73. Regarding the question of providing additional beds in Municipal Maternity Homes, etc.
74. Regarding the question of extending play-grounds in the Nowroji Hill Estate, etc.
75. Regarding the question of framing rules for giving voluntary grants-in-aid to Institutions in the city.
76. Regarding the rates charged by the B. E. S. & T. Co., Ltd., and other matters.
77. Regarding the question of giving financial help to certain institutions in the City during the year 1941-42.
78. Confirmation of the Special Committees Proceedings.
79. Schools Committee's letters —Forwarding printed copies of the Committee's Proceedings.

Notices of Motions—

80. From Mr. V. B. Worlikar—For requesting the B. E. S. T. Co. to issue instructions to conductors and drivers of tram cars to give sufficient time to passengers to embark and disembark.
81-86. From Mr. K. H. Goregaoker—For (81) prohibiting collection of moneys from school pupils without the Schools Committee's permission; (82) expediting the preparation of the inventory of Municipal properties, etc.; (83-86) obtaining the Commissioner's reports as to the (83) legality of re-employment by the Schools Committee of one of their superannuated employees; (84) alleged misappropriation of certain Acid Bottles at the K. E. M. Hospital, etc.; (85) concession granted to an Assistant Professor at the Seth G. S. M College for filling in terms for Medical course; and (86) results of his investigations into the irregularities in the matter of collection of revenue and certain other civic matters, etc.
87. From Mr. Khimji M. Bhujpuria—For requesting the Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Co., Ltd., to run more buses between Lalbaug and B. D. D. Chawls at Worli during the evening hours.
88-98. From Mr. B. J. Deorukhkar—For (88) expediting the Standing Committee's report regarding the question of giving gratuity to Municipal employees, etc.; (89) obtaining the Commissioner's report on the desirability of exempting certain dependents of menial staff of the Conservancy Branch living in Municipal quarters from payment of rents; (90-96) expediting the Commissioner's reports regarding (90) the use of Old Parel Tank site for recreation purposes; (91) a Municipal library in the north of the City; (92) providing quarters for sweepers, etc.; at Clerk Road; (93) the removal of the Bandra Slaughter House to Deonar; (94) the scheme for opening free libraries and reading rooms in the City; (95) the provision of lights and water taps in Municipal and ex-Trust chawls; and (96) the sitting arrangements in the Corporation Hall; and (97) granting allowances to Municipal employees for Census work; and (98) diversion of "C" Route tramway buses 'via' certain roads.
99-100. From Dr. Khursned J. J. Cursetji—For (99) requesting the Port Trust to abolish wharfage fee levied by them on Passengers' luggage; and (100) compelling pedestrians to cross important roads at street junctions or other specified points only.
101-102. From Mr. M. O. E. Patel —For (101) giving preference to the candidates of the Minority Communities in the matter of appointments to various posts in the Municipality; and (102) improving the road leading from Government Gate Road to the Mohamedan Cemetery at Bhoiwada.
103-105. From Mr. Mancherji E. Joshi—For (103) moving the B. B. & C. I. Railway authorities to keep clean the platforms, etc., at Grant Road and Churchgate Stations and to provide additional facilities to pass out of Churchgate Station; (104) obtaining the Commissioner's report as to measures for improving the means of telephonic communications with the Hydraulic Engineer; and (105) moving the Railway authorities for relieving overcrowding in local and suburban trains during peak periods, etc.

By Order of His Worship
the Mayor,
S. N. DAMLE,
Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 25th March, 1941.
(4640)

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. MAGANLAL MANEKLAL, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the under mentioned property to our clients.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 35, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land or ground, situate lying and being at Eksar near Borivli in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, Taluka South Salsette, in Bombay Suburban District, containing by admeasurement 2445 Sq. Yds. or thereabouts and being a portion of a larger piece or parcel of land which as a whole bears the following particulars:—

Record of Rights Entry No.	Survey No.	Pot No.	Measurement Acres-Gunthas	Assessment Rs. as. ps.
1029)	202 (Varkhas)	—	0-4	0 3 0
1180)				
1030)	202 (Varkhas)	—	0-4	0 3 0
1217	203	2	0-4 1|2	0 5 0
	(204	11	0-3 1|4	0 4 0
1078	(204	12	0-5 3|4	0 9 0
	(204	23	0-1 1|4	0 2 0
1014	202 (Varkhas)	—	0-35	1 12 0
1078	204	10	0-4 3|4	0 6 0
1217	203 (out of)	3	0-14 1|2	1 4 6
1080	203	13	0-2 1|2	0 4 0
	(204 (out)	3	0-7	0 12 6
1078	(204	24	0-2	0 3 0
			2-8 1|4	6 4 0

Bombay, dated the 25th day of March, 1941.
RANCHHODDAS & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(4641)

Public Notices

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
Stores Department.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of Miscellaneous Surplus Stores which are available for sale at the Central Stores, 566 DeLisle Road, Bombay No. 11. The stores comprise various water works C. I. Pipes, Castings and fittings, a Venturi water meter, Stoneware pipes and fittings, bolts and nuts, brass and copper articles Hollow steel drill, round, etc. Lists of the articles, giving full details of description and quantities of each, could be had by 'bona fide' tenderers, free of charge, on application to the undersigned. This list will be the basis of receiving tenders for different lots as mentioned therein.

Tenders should be enclosed in sealed envelopes endorsed "Tenders for the purchase of Surplus Stores", addressed to the Municipal Commissioner, and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, not later than 1 P.M. (B.T.) on WEDNESDAY, the 16th April, 1941, accompanied with a deposit of Rs. 1,500/- which will be forfeited in the event of the successful tenderer failing to pay the balance of the total purchase price within 15 days from the date when he is called upon to do so.

For inspection of the Stores, or for any further particulars, please apply to the undersigned during business hours. Several of the stores are in an usable condition and mofussil municipalities and local bodies interested in their purchase are particularly requested to depute a representative to inspect the same, by previous appointment with the undersigned.

The Municipality does not bind itself to accept the highest or any tender.

By order of the Municipal Commissioner,
A. P. SALDANHA,
Chief Storekeeper,
Bombay Municipality.

Central Stores Office,
566, DeLisle Road,
Bombay No. 11.
24th March, 1941.
4634

ADVERTISEMENT

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for a Temporary post of Demonstrator on Heat Engines on a salary of Rs. 100|- p.m. in connection with the training of Flight Mechanics for the Civil Aviation Department at the College of Engineering, Poona.

Candidates should have received a sound technical education at a recognized Engineering College or Institution; subsequent experience in internal Cumbustion Engines and|or teaching experience will be considered an advantage.

Educational qualifications required at least matriculation.

Applications must reach the undersigned on or before the 31st March, 1941, and only those applicants possessing the abovementioned qualifications need apply.

(Envelopes containing the applications should be superscribed "Demonstrator Heat Engine C. A. D.).

PRINCIPAL.

Dated 24th March, 1941.
(4638)

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. JAMSHED SORABJI LAM of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant the Executor de bonis non of the Will & Codicil of the late Hormusji Dorabji Gazdar deceased has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

ALL persons having any claims against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, possession, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easements, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Central Bank Building, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to all unnotified claims and the same, if any, will be considered as relinquished and waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of Municipal Leasehold Land or ground, containing by admeasurement 742 square yards or thereabouts being Plot No. 323D of the Dadar Matunga Estate of the Municipal Corporation for the City of Bombay bearing Cadastral Survey No. 261C|10 of Matunga Division in the City Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay and bounded as follows:—i.e., on or towards the East by Vincent Road, on or towards the West by Plot No. 323E belonging to Ravji Sojpal, on or towards the North by Plot No. 323A and on or towards the South by Shantiniketan belonging to Ravji Sojpal together with the buildings and structures standing thereon and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under Ward 16F No. 7388 (6) and Street No. 955E Vincent Road.

Dated this 25th day of March, 1941.

SHASTRI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(4635)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ERUCHSHAW NUSSERWANJI PASTAKIA and Bai NAJAMAI ERUCHSHAH PASTAKIA, both of Bombay Parsi Inhabitants have contracted to sell to our client the property described in the Schedule hereunder written. All persons having any interest or claim in to upon against or in respect of the said property by way of sale, gift, transfer, exchange, trust, mortgage, lien, charge, possession, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 77, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to all unnotified claims and the same, if any, will be considered as relinquished and waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of vacant land situate at Andheri in the Bombay Suburban District, containing by admeasurement 4 acres and 39 gunthas and bearing New Survey No. 42, New Survey No. 64 part Hissa No. 1 (part) and New Survey No. 94.

Dated this 25th day of March, 1941.

S. F. B. TYABJI & CO.,
Purchasers Attorneys.

4645

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that ERUCHSHAW NUSSERWANJI PASTAKIA and Bai NAJAMAI ERUCHSHAH PASTAKIA, both of Bombay Parsi Inhabitants have contracted to sell to our client the property described in the Schedule hereunder written. All persons having any interest or claim in to upon against or in respect of the said property by way of sale, gift, transfer, exchange, trust, mortgage, lien, charge, possession, easement, or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 77, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to all unnotified claims and the same, if any, will be considered as relinquished and waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of Municipal Leasehold Land or ground, containing by admeasurement 742 square yards or thereabouts being Plot No. 323D of the Dadar Matunga Estate of the Municipal Corporation for the City of Bombay bearing Cadastral Survey No. 261C|10 of Matunga Division in the City Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay and bounded as follows:—i.e., on or towards the East by Vincent Road, on or towards the West by Plot No. 323E belonging to Ravji Sojpal, on or towards the North by Plot No. 323A and on or towards the South by Shantiniketan belonging to Ravji Sojpal together with the buildings and structures standing thereon and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under Ward 16F No. 7388 (6) and Street No. 955E Vincent Road.

Dated this 25th day of March, 1941.

SHASTRI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(4635)

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Public Notices

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS with Rs. 500/- only as earnest money are invited for the sale of renowned fresh fruits of Government Fa Tarnab, near Peshawar, N.W.F. Province, and should reach the undersigned on or before the 10th April, 1941. The terms of contract can be had on application.

(Sd.) .....
Agricultural Officer,
North West Frontier Province,
P.O. Tarnab.

(4636)

ROYAL INDIAN NAVY.

VACANCIES exist in the undermentioned branches of the Royal Indian Navy. Applicants must be British subjects.

QUALIFICATIONS AND PAY.

SEAMEN AND STOKERS: Age 17½—24 years. Applicants are required to be able to answer simple questions on Percentages, Averages and Areas, and to speak and write English or Hindustani. Pay: Rs. 20/- rising to Rs. 85/- p. m. (See Note).

WRITERS:—Age 17½—26 years. Must have passed Matriculation or Senior Cambridge or an equivalent examination. Must be able to type accurately at 40 words a minute. Pay Rs. 40/- rising to Rs. 100/- p.m. (See note).

SICK BERTH ATTENDANTS:—Age 17½—22 years. Must have passed VI Standard English. Pay Rs. 20/- rising to Rs. 85/- p. m.

STEWARDS:—Age 17½—26 years. Must have passed VI Standard English. Pay Rs. 20/- rising to Rs. 100/- p. m.

OFFICER'S COOKS:—Age 17½—26 years. Must be literate. Must produce certificates of ability to cook European food. Pay Rs. 30/- rising to Rs. 85/- p. m.

TOPASSES (SWEEPERS)—Age 17½—26 years. Must speak Hindustani. Pay Rs. 20/- rising to Rs. 28/- p. m.

NOTE:—WARRANT RANK: Selected men are eligible for promotion to Warrant Rank; pay Rs. 130 to Rs. 270/- p. m. plus messing allowance @ Rs. 2/- per day.

ALLOWANCES: In addition to the above rates of pay, the following allowances are payable:

(1) GOOD CONDUCT PAY: Rs. 2/- to Rs. 4/- p. m. after 4 to 12 years approved service.

(2) Additional pay varying from Rs. 2/- to Rs. 40/- p.m. is payable to ratings and Warrant Officers serving under certain conditions, on account of Expatriation, Batta, Extra duty pay and messing allowance.

(3) Non-substantive pay for specially qualified ratings upto the following maximums:—Seamen Rs. 14/-, Stokers Rs. 4/-, Sick Berth Attendants Rs. 7/-.

GENERAL CONDITIONS.

The enrolment period is for 10 years.

Uniform is issued free and an upkeep allowance granted.

Liberal free non-vegetarian rations are provided.

Good leave is granted.

For further particulars apply by letter or in person to:—

R.I.N. Depot,
Bombay.

(4446)

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT OLD SONAPUR LANE.

Under instructions from Messrs. Chandrasen & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagee and on account and at the risk of Usman Cassam, the Mortgagor by virtue of the power of Sale contained in the Deed of Mortgage dated the 24th November, 1939, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell on MONDAY, the 7th April, 1941, at 4 P.M. (S.T.) by Public Auction on the premises:—

All that piece of Pension and Tax land now redeemed admeasuring about 111 sq. yds. with dwelling house situate at Old Sonapur Lane, bearing Municipal C. Ward No. 3497, Street No. 100, and bounded on the North by property belonging to Abdulhusein Tayabali Kachwalla, on the South by property belonging to the Bombay Kshtriya Community, on the East by property belonging to the Church of Our Lady of Hope and on the West by Sonapur Street.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale apply to Messrs. Chandrasen & Co., Solicitors or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

I. C. No. 8 of 1941.

In the matter of INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VII of 1913.

AND

In the matter of The BRITISH TRADING AND ENGINEERING CO., LTD.
(1) The British Trading and Engineering Co., Ltd. (2) Vimladevi Apabhai Patel ... Petitioners.

To,

The Creditors of the abovenamed Company.

TAKE NOTICE that the British Trading and Engineering Co., Ltd. and another, the Petitioners abovenamed presented a Petition to this Honourable Court on the 20th day of March, 1941, praying for an Order:—

(a) That the name of the Company may be restored to the Register.

(b) That the Registrar of the Joint Stock Companies Bombay may be directed to advertise the Order of this Honourable Court that may be made on this Petition in the Bombay Government Gazette in his Official name.

(c) That the Directors of the Company may be relieved from the liability incurred in non-complying with the requirements under the Indian Companies Act.

(d) That such further or other orders or directions or reliefs may be given as to this Honourable Court may seem proper.

AND TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that the Honourable the Sitting Judge in Chambers will on the 4th day of April, 1941, at 11 A.M. (S.T.) in the forenoon, proceed to hear the said Petition when you are hereby required to attend either in person or by an Advocate (O.S.) or an Attorney of this Honourable Court to show cause (if any you have) why the prayers of the said Petition should not be granted.

Dated this 24th day of March, 1941.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd) G. G. MAHADEVIA
For Prothonotary and Senior Master

(Sd) K. K. DASTUR,
This 24th day of March, 1941.
Messrs. AMIN DESAI & NANAVATI,
Attorneys for the Petitioners.

4639

Auction Sales

MENESSE & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF 243 BALES COTTON C. P. NO. 1, NO. 2 & BERAR (GHATANGIN, PUSAD, DIGRAS, ANJANGAON).

Messrs. MENESSE & Co., will sell by public auction on WEDNESDAY the 26th March, 1941, at 4-15 [illegible] by order of the Insurance Office concerned the abovementioned cotton slightly damaged by fire and water salved from the fire that occurred on the 20th March, 1941 to cotton of Messrs. Gokuldas Dossa.

The above will be sold in different lots to suit the requirements of the purchasers.

MENESSE & Co.

MATINEES TO-MORROW & ON FRIDAY AT 1-30 P.M.
A FLOWERY ROMANCE
FLOWINGLY PRESENTED
ON THE SCREEN!
LOVES! LAUGHS!! & FUN!!!
TARUN PICTURES'
STAR-STUDDED SOCIAL
PRABHAT
Starring—LOVABLE MISCHIEF of "ADMI"

Shanta Hublikar
P. JAIRAJ, VATSALA KUMTEKAR, KALYANI, etc.,
2nd Crowded Week at IMPERIAL
DAILY: 4-15 7, & 10 P. M.
Bharat Picture's Ltd., Release

Southern Offerings On N. Y. Cotton Exchange

PRICE—FIXING AND MILL BUYING

Hundred Per Cent Parity Loans

Bombay, March 25

On Monday, the New York cotton market was not influenced by the Bankhead statement that the Senate Agricultural Committee would approve of hundred per cent parity Loans on Tuesday. It is true that the Farm Bloc favours increase in loan rate but the Washington Administration is still against and no counter proposals are given. Thus the market is inclined to await official view.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened steady. Prices advanced on price-fixing and Mill buying on the improvement of the Stock market and other commodity markets but the bulge attracted increased Southern offerings.

At the opening May was quoted unchanged at 10.78 which was the lowest level for the day. There was steady buying and prices advanced to 10.84 which was the highest level reached by noon. Later prices eased and the market finally closed at a rise of 1 to 3 points. Spot cotton prices declined 2 points at 11.09c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also quietly steady with a limited business and closed at a rise of 1 to 2 points. Spot cotton prices advanced one point at 10.83c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton market opened at a rise of 2 points with October 8.58. The market was steady with trade calling absorbing liquidation of July and October. The market was influenced by firm Bombay advices and finally closed at a rise of 2 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices advanced 4 points at 8.99d. per lb.

Egyptian market was dull and both Uppers and Giza contracts were unchanged.

RAYON PRODUCTION

New York.—The sustained high activity level which prevailed in the rayon filament yarn market in 1940, says Rayon Organon, was without parallel in the industry's history. During the first six months of the year, the demand for rayon yarn was maintained at an average level of about 31,000,000 pounds per month. Even the ominous war news from abroad during May and June had little, if any, dampening effect on market interest. Further, the adverse seasonal influence which normally appears during the second-quarter period was completely absent.

"But even this high first-half consumption rate was overshadowed by the one that followed. From July through December, the demand for yarn reached a level that has had no equal in the past.

"Several of the more important factors contributing to this rapid and substantial upsurge in demand may be mentioned briefly. The rise in general business and industrial activity after June, as the effect of our own defense programme and the British war purchases on our national productive facilities began to become apparent, was unquestionably a bullish demand factor for rayon.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York May highest (11.47 a.m.) ..... 10.84+06
New York May lowest (10 a.m.) 10.78
Liverpool July highest ..... 8.66+04
Liverpool July lowest ..... 8.64+02

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co Ltd have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool: Market steady. Small trade buying met with hedging.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from New York Cotton Exchange Service:

Trade estimates total growers sales 1940 loan cotton to-day including repossessions equities 750,000 to 1,000,000. Cloth trading active. Prices stronger. Business commodities up.

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, March 24

May	10.79+01
July	10.75+01
October	10.56+03
December	10.64+01
January	10.63+02
March	10.61+02
Middling Spot	11.09-02

NEW ORLEANS COTTON
New York, March 24

March	10.83+01
May	10.79+01
July	10.71+01
October	10.70+02
December	10.67+01
January	10.65+02
Middling Spot	10.83+01

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, March 24

	11 a.m. ranges	Noon call
May	10.83	10.84
July	10.79	10.79
October	10.70	10.73

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS
New York, March 24

	Bales
Day's receipts at all U S Ports	7,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	nil.
Day's exports to the Continent	nil.
Day's exports to China and Japan	nil.

LIVERPOOL COTTON
Liverpool, March 24

March	8.62+02
May	8.63+02
July	8.64+02
October	8.58+02
December	8.55+02
January	8.54+02
Middling Spot	8.99+04

11 A.M. QUOTATIONS

March	8.64

Increased Selling In Share Bazar

STEADY DROP IN STEELS

Cotton Mill Shares Easy

Bombay, March 25

There was steady flow of long liquidation on the local Stock Exchange influenced by European developments. Steady decline in raw cotton prices helped the downward trend and buying power was poor. Prices registered moderate declines and the undertone was fairly steady. The liquidation of the portion of the long interest improved the technical situation of the market. There was moderate budlee business and carryover premiums for Tata Steel Defds were Rs. 7/13 and Rs. 4/6 for Bombay Dyeings. The last day to even up open business is Friday, the 28th instant.

The recent rise was mostly due to sentimental effect of the rise in cotton and commodity prices and the share bazar was entitled to moderate reaction and the same was anticipated. The market remains moderately constructive and lower levels will attract increased support.

Stocks were selective on Monday in Wall Street with many operators on the sidelines and others giving attention to a renewal of the upswing in commodities and awaiting the Balkan showdown. Steels ranged up to one dollar higher. U S. Steel shares closed 3/4 up at 56 5/8 and Anaconda Copper Mining shares closed 1/2 higher at 24 1/2 dollars.

On the local Exchange long liquidation was of a general nature and resulted in moderate declines. Tata Steel Defd shares opened at Rs. 2055 and declined to Rs. 2027. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 399 and eased off to Rs. 394. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1130 and sagged to Rs. 1121. Associated Cements were quiet at Rs. 144/8. The selling continued throughout the session and the market closed at about the lowest level of the day.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, March 25

Bombay Dyeing (1135) 1130 1122 1121
Century (417/8) 414 415 419 412
Central India (331/4) 328 329 323/8
Kohinoor (435/8) 434 432/8 428
New Great (451) 450 443
Simplex (114) 113/8 111/8
Swadeshi (312) 312 308 306
Associated Cement (145/4) 145/8 144/8 144
Andhra (1800) 1800
Tram Ord (136/4) 136/4
Tata Hydro (185) 185
Tata Power (1650) 1646 1640
T Steel Defd (2055) 2055 2045 2047 2028 2025
T Steel Ord (398) 399 397 398 394 393/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (149/4) 149/8
Bellapur (218) 217/8
B Steam (320) 318
B Burma (581/4) 575 576 568

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, March 25.

100	Ahm. Advance	283 12
250	BOMBAY DYING	112 4
100	CENTURY	412 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	323 8
100	COLABA	179 0
100	Coorla	108 8
250	David	37 8
250	Dawn	347 8
1	E. D. Sassoon Def.	0 14 3
100	FINLAY	187 0
100	GOKAK	223 0
1000	Hindustan	2.50 0
100	Indore	7 0
100	Khatau	155 0
100	KOHINOOR	428 0
250	LAXMI	572 8
100	MORARJI	232 0
200	Model	90 0
50	MYSURE	140 0
200	NEW GREAT	443 0
100	Osmanshahi	59 8
100	Phoenix	280 0
25	Sassoon Silk	95 4
1000	Sholapur	2790 0
50	SIMPLEX	111 4
100	SWADESHI	306 0
100	SWAN	202 8
500	Vishnu	1402 8
1000	Western	1205 0

BANKS

50-100	BARODA	10 8
25-50	CENTRAL	43 7
500	IMPERIAL	1555 0
125-500	Imp. Contrys.	386 4
50-100	India X.D	141 0
100	RESERVE BANK	105 8
5	UNION X.D.	6 7 6

CEMENTS

100	ASSOCIATED	144 0

INSURANCE

100	Empire	652 8
15-100	JUPITER	13 10
20	Mercantile	66 0
15-75	NEW INDIA	42 0

REFERENCE

7	p.c Andhra Valley	1535 0
7	p.c. Bombay Steam	315 0
7	p.c. Bom. Tram (T.F.)	76 4
5	p.c Central India (T.F.)	640 0
6	1/4 p.c Prem Const. 1st	115 14
6	1/4 p.c Prem Const 2nd	109 8
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	154 2
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1580 0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	2.5 0
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	149 8
7	p.c. Vishnu	753 12

DEBENTURES

3/-	p.c Andhra Valley	101
6	p.c. Andhra Valley	101 4
4	p.c Bom Telephone	51 8
5	p.c. Sholapur	76 1
6	p.c. Tata Hydro	103 4

MISCELLANEOUS

8sh.	Indian Copper	2 2
10	Indian Iron and Steel	31 12
15	SHIVRAJPUR	32 8
30	TATA STEEL DEF	2.25 0
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	393 8
100	Steel Corporation	18 0
100	ALCOCK	580 0
10	Air Service	3 8
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	217 8
200	Bombay Safe Dep.	595 0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	318 0
125	B. BURMA	58 4
50	B. Burma Cont.	188 12
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	3 11
50	BOMBAY TELEPHONE	88 0
100	IND. BLEACHING	142 0
50	Ind. Invest. Trust	48 14
100	Ind. Radio Def.	512 8
100	Indian Radio Ord.	513 12
100	Port Canning	86 4
30	PREMIER CON.	91 8
15	SCINDIA	21 4
25	Tata Oil	41 0
100	Wimco	205 0

On The Air

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 26

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. For Women. 5-45 Zohra Jan. 6-15 Karim Khan. 6-30 The Savage Hits, 3: Talk in Hindustani. 6-45 M. Siddiq. 7 For Villagers only. 7-45 Unholy Testament. 8: Mein Kampf and the Backward Races: Talk. 8 Zohra Jan. 8-20 Jank Ki Alf Laila. 8-45 Abdul Ghafi. 9-45 Karim Khan. 10-5 Zohra Jan. 10-25 Thumri Khamaj on Sitar.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Sitar, Jaltarang and Violin. 8-5 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Iqbal Bibi 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 A I R Quartet. 9-10 R. N. Paradker. 9-25 Movie Melodies. 9-35 Rahimuddin Khan. 12-30 p.m. Marathi Bhavgeets. 12-45 For Highbrows. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Songs from the screen. 1-20 Mutual Understanding. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch Hour Music. 5 to-morrow. 5-5 Gulab Bai Faterpekar. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 R. N. Paradkar. 5-50 Gopalrao. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Iqbal Bibi. 6-30 Dilruba solo. 6-35 Kshirdas Bhajan. 6-45 (in Gujarati Ghazals. 7-45 Film Tunes. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Topic of the day. 8-30 One Month of Science: Talk. 8-45 Sound news. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C news relay. 10 R. N. Paradker. 10-10 Iqbal Bibi. 10-20 Rahimuddin: Alap Darbari. 10-40 Nautch dhun.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Naat, Duet and Chorus. 8-15 Bibhas on Jaltarang. 8-25 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Gulab Bai Faterpekar. 9 to 10 As in Bombay 1.

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

12-30 to 12-57 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Clarionet solo, 1 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-25 As in Bombay one.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

5 to 5-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 5-25 Puria on Sitar 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Instrumental music. 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

89.15 metres (3,365 kc/s)

7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Bombay 1. 7-55 Rahimuddin: Alap Gaud-Malhar. 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 The Bombay Radio Orchestra 9-10 Sindhi Song by Iqbal Bibi. 9-20 Marathi Bhavgeet. 9-30 Eva Manes: Soprano. 9-40 Boston Progmenade Orchestra. 9-55 Julia Wottmann: Pianoforte. 10-10 Mehli Mehta and his Tango Valse Orchestra.

Calcutta I—Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time).

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

5 p.m. Sukhdev Mukerjee. 5-10 Arati Mittra. 5-20 Gopal Chowdhuri. 5-35 Arati Mittra. 5-50 Sukhdev Mukerjee. 6-5 For the rural and industrial areas. 7 Guitar Duet. 7-10 Uttara Debi. 7-30 Recitation from Sajani Kanta Das. 7 40 Bechu Dutta: Film-hits. 8 Esraj Recital (Trio). 8-15 Dwijen Chowdhuri. 9 London Pride, 7: Talk. 10 For music lovers.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE
G. I. P. Railway.

	Arr. H.M	Dep H.M
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar Express	6-15	22-45
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	8-55	18-10
Calcutta Mail (via Chheoki)	9-30	20-15
Madras Express	10 15	14 30
Poona Mail	10 30	17 30
Punjab Mail	12 30	17 40
Nagpur Express	15-00	21-00
Poona Express	19 30	08 05
Allahabad Express	20 20	07 00
Poona Fast Passenger	21 46	13 10

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, March 25

Sentiment remained rather depressed on the market to-day owing to absence of any buying interest and price movements were narrow. Tata Deferreds opened around 1950 and eased off to 1937-8 while Tata Ordinaries, after opening at 391-8, were ultimately quoted at 389-8 Textile shares were also quoted lower in sympathy with Steels wherein Bombay Dyeings finished Rs. 10 lower at 1080. Indian Irons continued featureless around 31-12.

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange, to-day:—

Tata Deferreds (1952-8) 1950 42-8 45 37-8
Tata Ordinaries (391-8) 391-8 90-8 91 89-8
Tata Ordinary 389/8; Tata Deferred 1937/8. Indian Iron 31/12; Bombay Dyeing 1080; Century 395/10; Central India 306/14; Kohinoor 411/4; Associated Cement 137/8; Bombay Burma 535; Scindia Steam 21/3; Tata Hydro 177/13; Reserve Bank 105/8; Imperial Bank F P 1550; Central Bank 43/4; Bank of India 141/8; 3 1/2 per cent Paper 95/13.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, March 25

LONDON:—
B. C. RATES:—
T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 24th September
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 24th September.
Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 24th Sept
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 1/4 two months
NEW YORK:—
Bank's selling T T 332 3/4
Bank's buying T T 329 3/4
Bank's buying D D 328
JAPAN:—
Bank's selling T T 81 1/4 nominal.
Bank's buying T T 77 nominal.
Bank's buying 60 days 76 1/4 nominal.
JAVA:—
Bank's selling D D 55 3/4
HONGKONG:—
Bank's selling D D 85 1/4
SHANGHAI:—
Bank's selling D D 20
SINGAPORE:—
Bank's selling D D 157 3/4
CROSS RATES:—
Hongkong London 1/3 1/32 25th inst.
Shanghai London 0/3 3/8 25th inst.
New York London 4.03 1/2 24th inst.
London Java 7.58/62 24th inst.
London New York 4.02 1/2—3 1/2 24th inst.
London Switzerland 17.30/40 24th inst.
London Stockholm 16.85/95 24th inst.
London Japan 1/2 1/2 24th inst.
London Canada 4.43/47 24th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet near. Steady forward.
Gold £8-8-0 24th inst.
Silver London Ready 23 1/2 24th inst.
Silver London Forward 23 1/2 24th inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 21st inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 24th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 24th inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call unlendable.
3 months 1/2 per cent.
6 months 3/4 per cent.
Tone:—Very easy.

B. B. & C. I. Railway.
(Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.)

	Arr. H.M	Dep H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	6 35	13 05
Delhi Express	5 00	22 15
Gujarat Mail	6 45	22 05
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 35
Frontier Mail	8 15	21 15
	(Mon)	(Sat)
The Flying Ranee. Bulsar	*9 15	15 30
The Flying Ranee Surat	*9 48	Lo 10
The Flying Ranee Surat (Except Monday)	10 58	00 00
The Flying Ranee Surat (Except Saturday)	00 00	18 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawar Express	15 05	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 48	9 00

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, these trains will run on Tuesday.

100	AHMD. OLD	183 12
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY X.D.	1800 0
10	AJMER	12 3
50	BOMBAY TRAM	136 4
100	Bombay Suburban	185 0
10	Broach	13 8
100	Karachi	215 0
100	Poona	215 0
100	Surat	180 0
1000	TATA HYDRO	185 0
1000	TATA POWER	1640 0

RAILWAYS

500	Ahmedabad Prantij	837 8
100	C. Province	105 4
100	Dhond Baramati	104 4
100	Gujarat X-D	98 12
100	Mandra Bhon	103 8
100	Pachora Jamner	63 8
100	Sara Sirajgunj	103 0
500	Tapti Valley	665 0

MININGS

9	Burma Corporation	4 15

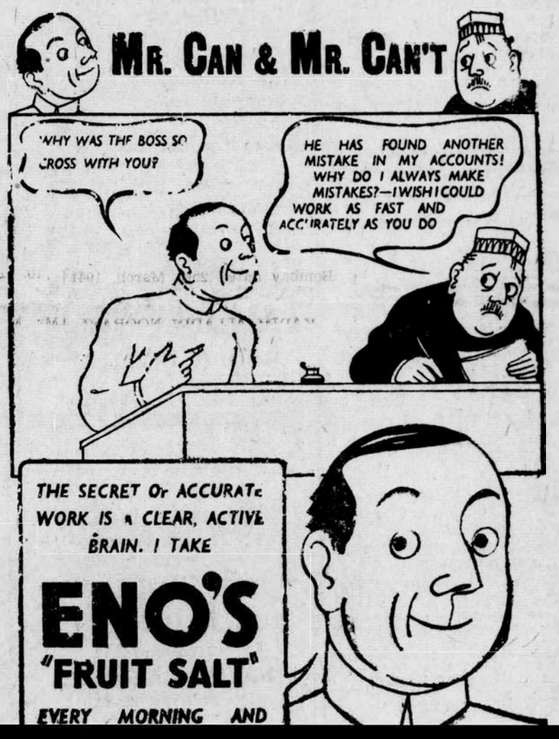
BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS.

MONTHLY SETTLEMENT RATES
Bombay: March 25

Yarn No.	April	June	August
6 1/2s.	137	137	137
10 1/2s.	160	162	163
20 1/2s.	228	230	231
40s.	322	325	328

Patentex
THE MOST RELIABLE CONTRACEPTIVE
NOW MADE IN ENGLAND
Recommended by Doctors all over the World.
Available from all chemists.
Write for descriptive literature to the
Sole Agents for India:
THE FAIRDEAL CORPORATION LTD.
Lakshmi Insurance Building,
Fort, Bombay

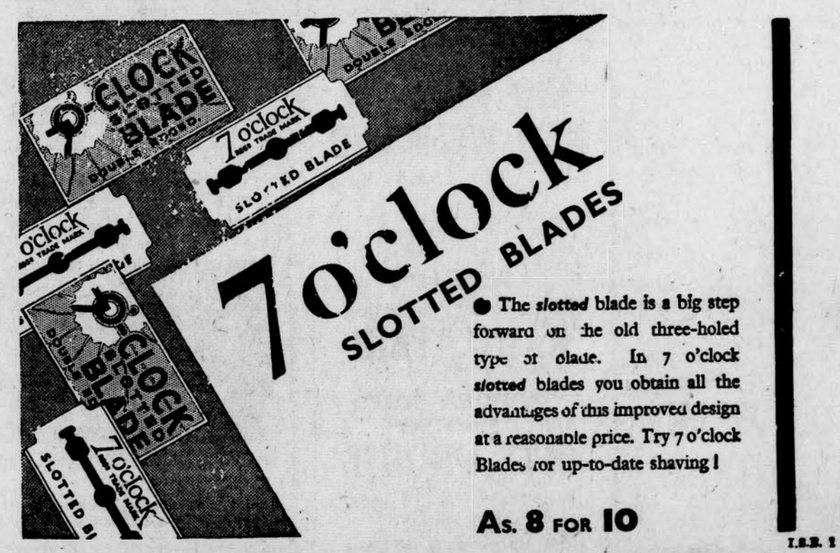
Tired eyes will feel fresh after you have washed them with Stanisol and applied a little Eagle Ointment between the lower lid and the eyeball.
EYE OINTMENT—Rs. 1/8/- PER POT.
EYE LOTION—IN BOTTLES, 9 As. & Re. 1/-
EAGLE STANISOL EYE OINTMENT EYE LOTION
Stanistreet Products
Smith Stanistreet Estd. 1821 in India
SSK 12


MR. CAN & MR. CAN'T
WHY WAS THF BOSS SO CROSS WITH YOU?
HE HAS FOUND ANOTHER MISTAKE IN MY ACCOUNTS! WHY DO I ALWAYS MAKE MISTAKES?—I WISH I COULD WORK AS FAST AND ACCURATELY AS YOU DO
THE SECRET OF ACCURATE WORK IS A CLEAR, ACTIVE BRAIN. I TAKE
ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"
EVERY MORNING AND
ENERGETIC ALL DAY

A sparkling glass of Eno's 'Fruit Salt' on waking ensures a clear, vigorous brain by correcting such minor disorders as headaches, biliousness, indigestion, heartburn and constipation due to indiscretions of diet and living. Your mind becomes vigorous because your body is healthy

To preserve its freshness after opening, Eno's is sold in bottles with airtight stoppers, never in tins—Eno's costs as little as 9d. per annum for the small size

711


7 o'clock
SLOTTED BLADES
● The slotted blade is a big step forward on the old three-holed type of blade. In 7 o'clock slotted blades you obtain all the advantages of this improved design at a reasonable price. Try 7 o'clock Blades for up-to-date shaving!
As. 8 FOR 10
I.S.B. 1

Matinee, To-morrow (Amas.) & Friday at 2 p.m.
PARAGON PICTURES' Mighty Spectacle
VIRGINIA
Directed by: K. M. MULTANI
2ND WEEK AT
MINERVA
Daily: 4-30, 7, 9-45 p.m.

Coming Very Shortly!
SAIGAL, KANAN, NAWAB, etc.
IN
NEW THEATRES' NEWEST SCREEN VEHICLE!
"LAGAN"
Photography & Direction:— NITIN BOSE
Music:— R. C. BORAL
Coming at MINERVA

CAPITOL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
TO-DAY ONLY
"RAGE OF PARIS"
with
DANIELLE DARIEUX
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS, Jr.
Also "CONGAMANIA" a special musical short with the Famous Song "MAMA CAROUES" of "DOWN ARGENTINE WAY"
TO-MORROW ONLY
"YOU'RE MY SWEETHEART"
with
ALICE FAYE

REGAL Phone: 35017
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
The Glorious Sequel to "JESSE JAMES"
THE RETURN OF
FRANK JAMES
with
HENRY FONDA
GENE TIERNEY
JACKIE COOPER
A 20th Century-Fox Picture
NEXT FRIDAY
The Most Riotous Romance
The INVISIBLE WOMAN

Matinees On Thursday and Friday at 2 p.m.
Ranjit's Stirring Social
PARDESI
Held Over For 5th Week
Director: CHATURBHUJ DOSHI
Cast: MOTILAL, KHURSHID, SNEHPRABHA,
Daily at 4-30, 7-15, 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON
TALKIES

ASK THE GIRL WHO HAS SEEN IT!
SHE WILL GIGGLE IF YOU REMIND HER OF THE ROMANTIC SCENES BETWEEN ANIS & BALWANT SING IN PRABHAT'S
PADOSI
—HINDI—
Alias "SHEJARI"—Marathi.
Directed by: SHANTARAM.
9th WEEK AT **CENTRAL**
HINDI: 7, 9-45.
MARATHI: 4 P.M.

Coming Shortly
A rollicking comedy of just two crazy kids tipsy with love and utterly blind to the realities of life.....
Ummeed
RANJIT'S Magnificent Production:
Director: MANIBHAI VYAS
Cast:
ISHWARLAL, PRABHA
NURJEHAN, DIXIT & KESHARI
AT
OPERA HOUSE

2nd Week
A story of the Cupid's arrows and the victims
Director Dakubhai Mehta
GUJERAT Kalamandir Ltd. Social
GUJERATI VERSION
Featuring:
Miss Kamala,
Champaklala,
Inamdar,
Baby Manjula, etc.
To-morrow Zanana Show at 2 p.m.
KRISHNA TALKIES
Daily: 5, 7-30 10 p.m.

Glories Of Indian Art and Dance
IN
NATIONAL STUDIOS'
RADHIKA
Starring:
NALINI JAYWANT
IN FOURTH WEEK
PATHE
3-30, 6-30, 10 P.M.

TO-MORROW & FRIDAY
Matinee, 2 p.m.
ASHA PICTURES' Rib Tickling Romance
GHAR JAWAI
Screenplay: PRINCIPAL ATRE
Starring: SHOBHANA SAMARTH, VANMALA
3RD WEEK AT NEW WEST END
Daily: 4-30, 7, 9-45 p.m.

WADIAS'
Spectacular Production
RAJNARTAKI
Starring:
SADHONA BOSE
7th Week
OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
Zanana Show
To-morrow at 1-30 p.m.

SAMAJNA VANKE

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, March 25

Yesterday London gold was unchanged at £8-8-0. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 1/2 at New York

London Spot silver price was raised 1/16d at 23 1/2d and forward quotation was also 1/16d. higher at 23 1/3d

New York Spot silver was unchanged at 34 3/4 cents and Shanghai T T on London was quoted 3 3/16. London Bombay Spot and forward silver parity was Rs. 62-10-6

The local market shows increased speculative interest and option dealers were buying. To-day the market was influenced by weakness in cotton prices. There was moderate long liquidation and tone was quiet.

Quotations were as under:—

GOLD

Ready	Rs.	43 11 6
Chaitra		43 12 6
Vaishakh		43 13 6
Sovereigns		29 8 0

SILVER

Ready		63 5 0
Chaitra		63 6 0
Vaishakh		63 8 0

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, March 25.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan 9/
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 95-13
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 100-11
3 per cent 1951/54 Bonds 99-7
3 per cent 1963/65 Loan 95-1
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 102-9
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 109
1 per cent 1943 Bonds 104-10
3 per cent War Bonds 101-4
4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 Loan 113/.

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 111/14
4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore 115-6
5 per cent 1955 Mysore 125

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1947 108-4
4 per cent M Deb 1974 107-12
3 per cent M Deb 1957 116
6 per cent M Deb 1954 128-4
6 per cent K P T 1956 129
Tone:—Steady.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, March 24

UPPERS:—	
Spot	11.09—0
March	10.39—0
May	10.40—0
July	10.41—0
November	10.36—0
January	10.36—0
GIZA NO. 2:—	
Spot	12.08—1
March	11.08—0
May	11.07—0
July	11.03—0
November	11.05—0
January	11.06—0

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below Liverpool May 305 penny points at 1/6

Broach J/A below Liverpool July 316 penny points at 1/6

Broach A/M below New York May 143 cent points at 331

Broach J/A below New York July 156 cent points at 331

SELLER'S LOTUS HONEY
for all Eye TROUBLES even Cataract Safe Sure, World-wide reputed and tested At all Chemists. Literature free. Beware of imitation—insist on SELLERS
KEMP & CO., LTD., Bombay.

NEW INDIA
Assurance Co., Limited
(India's Largest General Insurance Co.)
THREE CONSIDERATIONS GENERALLY WEIGH WITH A PERSON DESIRING TO INSURE HIS LIFE.
They Are:
(1) STABILITY of the Company;
(2) SOUND MANAGEMENT and
(3) POLICY CONDITIONS and BONUS CAPACITY.
The "NEW INDIA" can Safely claim to Satisfy all these requirements.
Write or call for Prospectus and feel convinced.
HEAD OFFICE:
Esplanade Road,
Fort, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, March 25

The local market late in the evening on Monday weakened on long liquidation influenced inability of some members of Mahajan to pay in full. There was moderate liquidation. To-day in sympathy with a rise of one point, the local market was expected to open at Rs. 245 for Broach A/M and at Rs. 240/8 for Broach J/A delivery. For the last nine days, there had been a continuous rise in the local market and option business being now out of way, there was some disposition to secure profits and the market opened quiet at Rs. 241/8 for Broach A/M and at Rs. 238 for Broach J/A delivery. There was a steady flow of general long liquidation and the market was quiet. Broach A/M declined to Rs. 237/8 and J/A was quoted at Rs. 233/8.

There was steady selling pressure and Broach J/A delivery declined to Rs. 231. Liverpool market opened at a rise of 2 points and in the local market J/A was quoted at Rs. 232. There was utter absence of any buying and prices further declined to Rs. 229. Prices declined to Rs. 227/8 but bull support appeared and J/A advanced to Rs. 231. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F G M G BROACH:—			
April/May	Rs.	234	0 0
July/August		230	8 0
FINE M G OOMRA:—			
May		165	8 0
July		167	8 0
F G M G BENGAL:—			
May		132	8 0
July		134	8 0

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, March 25

Linseed May		5	3 9
Linseed September		5	6 6
Wheat May		3	14 0
Wheat September		3	14 0

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, March 25

Yellow metal sheets	Rs.	72	0 0
Copper sheets	Rs	80	8 0

Tone:—Weak.

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS.

Bombay, March 25

Wheat May		0	3 6
Wheat September		0	8 6
Linseed May		0	6 6
Linseed September		0	13 6
Groundnut May		2	12 0
Castorseed May		3	0 0
Cottonseed May		1	4 0
Silver 1st settlement		1	0 0
Silver 2nd settlement		2	0 0
Gold 1st settlement		0	14 0
Gold 2nd settlement		1	8 0

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, March 25

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY OF INDIAN COTTON

Since 1st Sept

In full-pressed bales

	2 days.	This year	Last year
Khandesh	....	92,015	49,609
Central India	400	121,277	88,005
Barsi and Nagar	348	92,088	106,377
Hyderabad/Gaorani	....	32,351	42,381
Berar	1,052	317,799	278,890
Central Provinces	323	66,361	69,175
Total Oomras	2,123	721,921	634,437
Dholeras	686	58,554	57,714
N W Provinces	....	1,202	23,470
Rajputana	....	5,037	26,362
Sind Punjab	2,300	410,828	303,899
Broach	3,373	61,494	231,487
Coompta & Dharwar	102	36,200	17,218
Westerns-Northerns	1,754	29,407	18,226
Cocoanada	....	239	82
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	103	830	1,309
Total	10,441	1 335,813	1 364,404
Arrived by road to 20th March 1941	.....	223,133	264,358

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, March 25

Approx. quotations.	Ready.
Bengal Fine	136-40
Berar	171-74
C P 1	205-7
C. P 2	179-85
Khandesh	146-53
Muglai	157-59
Broach	248-50
Punjab S. G. 289 F	370-80
Punjab R. G. 289 F	245-50
Punjab R. G. 4 F	295-302

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, March 25

	Extra Sprine	Sup Fine	FG	Good
M G Broach No. 2	250	247	242	240

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F P Bales	1940-41	1939-40
Receipts to date 24-3-41	3119000	6848000
Receipts yesterday 24-3-41	7000	17000
Export to date 24-3-41	794000	5318000
Stock at Ports 21-3-41	3483000	2926000
Stock at Interior Towns 21-3-41	3061000	2661000
Stock at Liverpool 21-3-41	.....	.....
Visible Supply 21-3-41	.....	.....
Quantity in sight 21-3-41	9541000	12126000
Quantity out of sight 21-3-41	.....	.....

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, March 24

Broach A/M highest 249 lowest 242 closing 246 1/2

Broach J/A highest 245 lowest 238 1/2 closing 241

Oomra March highest 177 1/2 lowest 175 1/2 closing 175 1/2

Oomra May highest 177 1/2 lowest 175 closing 175 1/2

Oomra July highest 179 1/2 lowest 177 1/2 closing 177 1/2

Bengal March highest 142 lowest 139 1/2 closing 139 1/2

Bengal May highest 142 lowest 139 closing 139

Bengal July highest 143 1/2 lowest 141 closing 141

PEPPER & GINGER.

Bombay, March 25

The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.:—

Pepper ready Alleppey per candy	Rs.	87	0 0
Pepper Chaitra Sud 15 per candy		87	0 0
Pepper Jeth Sud 15 per candy		89	0 0
Ginger bleached per cwt		18	8 0
Ginger Chaitra Sud 15 per cwt		17	4 0
Ginger Vaishakh Sud 15 per cwt		17	12 0

Edward Small presents
LOUIS HAYWARD • JOAN BENNETT in
THE SON OF MONTE CRISTO
NEW EMPIRE
4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
Free list entirely suspended

NEW YORK COTTON UNCHANGED

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICE

JULY 1941

New York: March 25.

Previous closing	10.75
To-day's opening	10.72
Difference	—3
To-day's closing	10.75
Difference	Nil

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach April/May	Rs. 234/0
Broach July/August	Rs. 230/8

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1941

Liverpool: March 25.

Previous closing	8.62
To-day's opening	8.64
Difference	+2
To-day's closing	8.56
Difference	—6

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: March 25.

New York cotton showed somewhat easier tendency following the weakness of Bombay, while developments in Balkans further checked enthusiasm

Trading in July began at 10.72, i.e. three points lower than the last closing. Prices eased under increased offerings and liquidation, but the pressure was not heavy and soon the trend reversed on scattered trade and small enquiry.

The following are to-day's opening ranges in New York cotton:—

May (10.79/78) 10.75/75
July (10.75/75) 10.72/72
October (10.66/66) 10.62/62

The following are opening rates on Liverpool cotton market:—

American March (8.64) 8.62
American May (8.65) 8.63
Egyptian Giza March (11.08) 11.06
Egyptian Giza May (11.07) 11.05

LONDON [illegible]

London: March 25.

Castorseeds January/February unquoted
Linseed Bombay Calcutta March April (£18 9/16 quoted) £18 9/16 quoted
Linseed La Plata April (£11 5/16 quoted) £11 5/16 quoted
Groundnuts Coromandal March April (£17 1/4 quoted) £17 1/4 quoted

JUTES

Dundee March (£45) £45
Lightning March (£40) £40

RUBBER

Spot (14 1/2d paid and buyers) 14 1/2d paid and buyers
Forward July September (14 5/8d paid and sellers) 14 5/8d paid and sellers.

LONDON METALS

Tin (£272 1/4 buyers; £272 1/2 sellers. Quiet) £273 1/4 buyers; £273 1/2 sellers. Steady.
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York: March 25.

Previous closing	4.02 1/2
To-day's closing	4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London: March 25.

Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London: March 25.

T. T. London on Paris not quoted.

LONDON BULLION

LONDON SILVER

London: March 25.

Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d nil
Forward (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d nil

LONDON GOLD

London: March 25.

London Gold (£8/8/0) £8/8/0.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London: March 25.

London Exchange opened with the sterling/dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50, which is officially fixed rate.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay not quoted.
New York on Milan not quoted.
New York on Bombay (30.35) 30.35
London on Shanghai (0-3 1/8 to 0-3 7/16) 0-3 1/8 to 0-3 7/16
London on Kobe (1-2 to 1-2 1/2) 1-2 to 1-2 1/2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent.
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months (1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent.

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay: March 25.

There was no trading during the night session.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVED

Bombay: March 25.

Shaw Wallace and Co's American s s Wacosta of 3335 reg tons Capt G R Seif arrived from Rangoon with general cargo.

LOADING

The following vessel is booked for loading:—

Japanese s s Atlas Maru.

IMPORTS

Bombay: March 25.

1435 bars pig lead, 104 bls raw cotton, 115 c/s cutch, 400 bags China clay, 686 bdls rubber, 107 bags borax powder refined, 32 B/bls carbonate of potash, 1239 bags cocoanuts, 300 kollies hooka shells, 408 bulls paper boards, 275 bags ginger, 99 bris tanning extract, 125 dms cocoanut oil, 166 casks tallow, 100 c/s copper wire, 350 carboys peroxide of hydrogen, 50 bags turmeric, 37 slabs block tin, 238 bags betelnuts, 752 pcs wood scantlings, 131 pkgs dry storage batteries, 80 bags pepper, 91 bdls steel rods, 210 c/s cashew kernals, 74 H/hds leaf tobacco, 250 togs match wood, 39 boxes rubber hose, 51 c/s radio sets 80 pkgs toys, 324 pkgs auto parts, 122 bls cotton fents, 127 pkgs machinery, 687 dms dyes, 136 dms paints, 131 bdls steel pipe, 359 pcs steel pipe, 272 pcs plain galvd sheets, 128 bdls plain galvd sheets, 225 bags lithopone, 365 c/s cotton cord twine, 168 ctns battery boxes, 30 loose rubber tyres, 43 D/s fused zinc chloride, 89 D/s bicaromate of potash, 100 boxes steel rivets, 79 dms iron grinding balls, 128 c/s tools, 138 c/s steel files, 41 rolls cotton tyre fabric, 30 c/s cleaning compound, 51 c/s steel hinges, 60 pkgs perfumery materials, 97 bdls cardboard boxes, 80 c/s raw stock film, 300 coils galvd wire, 145 pkgs bullock nails, 70 cyl empty steel drum., 300 dms bichromate of soda, 59 cases antipilogestine, 91 c/s tissue paper, 66 dms insecticide dry, 189 c/s bolts and nuts, 74 c/s Listerine, 300 coils steel wire strand, 70 cts grape nuts and flakes, 30 ctns toilet paper, 34 dms auto polishing compound, 37 c/s photophone sound, 111 kegs dog spikes and accs, 100 bdls Flit sprayers, 75 c/s Mistol, 104 c/s Nujol, 388 c/s medicines, 47 bls cotton remnants, 42 bls harmless roots, barks and herb, 575 pcs iron pipe, 1120 odls iron pipe.

EXPORTS

Bombay: March 25.

160 bags dry ginger S H Rajgor and Co; 59 bls goat skins D/s Cox and Kings (Agts) Ltd; 2000 tons pig iron Indian Iron and Steel Co Ltd; 100 bls cotton waste Champaklal and Co; 30 bls cotton prints D Abraham and Sons; 274 bags flea seed husks D Abraham and Sons; 16 bls cotton grey yarn Keshavji Virji and Co; 40 bls cotton pcegoods Basil M P Goveas; 50 bls cotton pcegoods A Ei Ejei; 17 bls cottton yarn A Ei Ejei; 100 bls raw cotton Khimji Vishram and Sons; 100 bls raw cotton Viram Ladha and Co; 100 bls raw cotton Gordhandas and Co; 300 bls raw cotton Konishi and Co Ltd; 150 bls raw cotton N Futehally and Co; 200 bls raw cotton S R Tulshan and Co Ltd; 121 c/s bristles D Abraham and Sons; 136 bags sesame seeds hulled D Abraham and Sons; 1035 bags dill seeds D Abraham and Sons; 68 bls raw wool D Azraham and Sons; 170 bags dry chillies Habib Rawji and Co; 200 bls raw cotton Vasanjee Morarjee; 1185 bgs linseeds R Ratilal and Co; 1778 bags linseeds The Oilseeds Trading Co Ltd; 1230 bags grd nut kernals The Oilseeds Trading Co Ltd; 1628 bags cumin seed Gorakharam Gokalchand; 640 bags poppy seed white Gorakharam Gokalchand; 500 bags dill seed Gorakharam Gokalchand; 100 bags fennel seed Gorakharam Gokalchand; 1400 bls raw cotton G K Kaisha Ltd; 200 bls raw cotton R Parsrampuria and Co; 700 bls raw cotton Narsee Nagsee and Co; 200 bags cumin seed E Mavji and Co; 80 bags gingelly seed N Devidas and Co; 4668 bags linseed Louis Dreyfus and Co; 2560 bags grdnut oil cake Raja Oil Mills 1186 bags linseed Raja Oil Mills; 100 bls raw cotton The Podar Trading Co Ltd; 12 bls cotton grey M twist J C Mody and Co; 40 bls cotton pcegoods Hariram Khiaram; 702 bls leather picker waste The Overseas Ctn Waste Co; 32 bls cotton pcegoods James Finlay and Co Ltd; 4105 bags linseed Ralli Bros Ltd; 600 bls raw cotton Japan Ctn Trading Co Ltd; 1280 bags grdnuts Kilachand Devchand and Co Ltd; 1167 bags linseed Kilachand Devchand and Co Ltd; 500 bls raw cotton Anderson Clayton and Co; 100 bls raw cotton G Dossa and Co; 1120 bags grdnut oil meal Louis Dreyfus and Co; 7872 bags grdnuts Louis Dreyfus and Co; 1276 bags grdnut oil cake expeller Habib Rawji and Co; 57 bags shelled almonds H K Kesharwala; 34 bdls real coplate Ebrahim Mavji and Co; 56 bls raw wool H B Chawda and Sons; 1185 bags linseed Indian Produce Co Ltd; 1183 bags linseed Vaid Bros Ltd; 1366 bags grdnut oil cake expeller Vaid Bros Ltd; 2560 bags grdnut oil cake expeller Kashinath and Sons; 320 bags dill seed Cox and Kings (Agts) Ltd; 1280 bags grdnut oil cake expeller Indo Foreign Commercial Corptn; 150 bls raw cotton Kilachand Devchand and Co Ltd; 3200 bags grdnut oil cake expeller H Mantri and Co; 601 bls D/s goat skins D Abraham and Sons; 215 bls raw cotton Kotak and Co.

PROGRESS OF EMPIRE LIFE COMPANY

"We are passing through no ordinary times and business has naturally been affected thereby, but notwithstanding the difficulties occasioned by the war 7,319 policies for Rs. 1,31,80,000 Sum Assured were issued", declared Mr. E. B. Ghaswala, Chairman, of the Empire of India Life Assurance Company, presiding over its 44th annual general meeting, at its office at Hornby Road, Bombay, on Monday.

"A noteworthy feature of the new business", the Chairman stated, "was that the sum assured per policy continues to rise and that the average new policy was for Rs. 1,800 which represents an increase of Rs. 100 per policy above that of the previous year."

The Directors Report was received and considered. The Directors recommended a dividend of Rs. 3-8-0 per share which with the bonus of Rs. 13-8-0 makes a total of Rs. 17 per share for the year.

A bonus equal to one month's salary to the Officers and Staff was also recommended.

The Life Insurance Fund of the Company now amounts to Rs. 5,02,30,000 and is supplemented by Reserve Funds of Rs. 32,74,000. The total assets are Rs. 5,60,90,000. All the company's investments "are in gilt-edged securities of the highest class and are redeemable on fixed dates at par while in the case of 3 per cent. Government Defence Bonds, 1946, the redemption value is Rs. 101 per cent."

After the Chairman referred to the donations and contributions made for war purposes and the decision to improve and enlarge the building of the head-office, the meeting dispersed.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Calcutta: March 25.

The Share market continued steady. Jutes, Cottons, Teas and Government Securities were unchanged, while Coals were a shade easier. Speculative Engineering issues as well as Miscellaneous Industrials continued to be steady.

The following were the closing quotations:—

Government Securities: 3 per cent Loan 1941 100/11, 3 per cent Government Paper 82/4 small lot, 3 1/2 per cent Govt Paper 98/12. 4 per cent Loan 1960/70 109 small lot, 4 1/2 per cent Loan 1955/60 113/6 small lot, 5 per cent Loan 1945/55 112.

Banks: Reserve Bank 104/8.

Railways: Darjeeling Himalayan Railway Pref 102 ex-div.

Cottons: Kesoram 6/9, New Victoria ord 2/2.

Coals: Bengal 357, Bengal Nagpur 25/4, Bokaro and Ramgur 14/8, Burrakur 13/12, Dhemo Main 13/4, Searsole 4/3, Sendra 12/10, Taicher 1/8, Union 31/8, West Jamuria 30/4 c div.

Jutes: Anglo-India 318 small lots, Bally 224 small lot, Birla 26/10, Budge Budge 352 small lot, Cheviot 185 small lots, Craig 1/9, Gourepore Pref 151 ct, Hastings Pref 137/8, Hooghly ord 57, Howrah 51/6, Hukumchand pref 116/8, India 297, Kamarhatty 462, Kankinarrah 375 small lot, Kinnison 655, Naskarpara 17/2, National 22/4, Northbrook 31/8 small lot, Nuddea 56/8 small lots, Orient 185 small lot, Waverley ord 2/4, Pref 51/8 small lot.

Minings: Burma Corpn 4/15, Consolidated Tin 2/10, Indian Copper 2/2, Dalmia Cement ord 11/11, Alkali and Chemical ord 17/4, Pref 121/12, Bengal Telephones ord 19, Shahjahanpur Elec 6/8, Upper Ganges Elec 12.

Engineering Companies: Braithwaite and Co 10/2, Burn and Co 7 per cent Pref 170 odd lots, Hukumchand Steel ord 10/7, Defd 3/3, Indian Iron and Steel 31/12, Marshalls 1/15, Steel Corpn ord 18/15, Pref 117/8, Hooghly Flour 10/6.

Miscellaneous: Assam Match 18/6, Bararee Coke 20/1, B I Corpn ord 4/8 c div, Dunlop Rubber ord 38 small lot, MacFarlane and Co Ord 6/4, New India Investment 57, Publicity Society 6/10.

Papers: Orient 10/11, Sree Gopal Pref 108, Ord 10/7, Titaghur ord 17/4, Second pref 111 small odd lot, Midnapore Zemindary 72, Assam Saws 3/5 ex-div, India General Navgn ord 81/8.

Sugars: Carew and Co 9/10

Teas: Belgachi 15/12, Betjan 27/8.—A. P.

Tenders For Treasury Bills

Tenders for Rs. one crore of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 25th March 1941. Total amount offered was Rs. 1,55,75,000. Tenders at Rs. 99/12/9 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99/12/6 allotted approximately 44 per cent. Total amount accepted was Rs. 1,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being Re. 0-13-1 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. one crore of three months' Government of India Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 1st April, 1941. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 4th April 1941. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended 21st March 1941, Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 2,81,00,000 were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Three months' intermediates will be sold from 26th March 1941 to 31st March 1941 at Rs. 99/13 subject to the conditions previously announced (viz. sales can be stopped at any time without previous notice if Government think it necessary).

Three months' intermediates sold from 19th March 1941 to 24th March 1941 amounted to Rs. 18,00,000.

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay, March 25

	To-day	Total
Bengal	1500	5150
Oomra	1250	9450

SUGAR MARKET.

Bombay, March 25

Fine White Java sugar per cwt:

From Bond Rs. 10-13-0
shipment March Rs. 9-7-0 F B H
Indian sugars ready:—
Ready (ordinary) Rs. 14-0-0 to 14-6-0
Ready (large grain) Rs. 14-7-0 to 15-7-0
Tone:—Steady.

With a view to improving the economic condition of the Ceded Districts, which were affected by famine, the Government of Madras have appointed an Economic Development Board consisting of officials and non-officials for a period of five years.

Is your child A Drag At School?
Scholastic overwork retards growth and endangers the system.
To ensure complete fitness give your child Alembic's HEMO-DRAKSO-MALT regularly. It will enrich his blood, strengthen his body and create dynamic energy and vitality.
HEMO-DRAKSO-MALT contains blood-forming haemoglobin, the juice of the choicest grapes, nourishing malt extract and strengthening iron and pepsin in assimilable form. It is the safest tonic for children.
Buy a bottle today
ALEMBIC CHEMICAL WORKS CO. LTD. BARODA.
Alembic's
HEMO-DRAKSO-MALT
INDIA'S SUPREME TONIC FOR ALL AGES — AT ALL TIMES

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30-6-30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045
LAST 2 DAYS!

... A MEMORABLE MOTION PICTURE!

Stirring drama ... romance!

CARY GRANT
MARTHA SCOTT
THE HOWARDS OF VIRGINIA
From "THE TREE OF LIBERTY" by Elizabeth Page
Screen play by Sidney Buchman
with Sir Cedric Hardwicke • Alan Marshal • Richard Carlson
Produced and Directed by Frank Lloyd • A COLUMBIA PICTURE
EXCELSIOR
4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

Bombay & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Fagan Vad 14, 1997
Muslim: Safar 27, 1360
Parsi: Meher 23, 1310
Hightide: 11-30; 23-53
Lowtide: 5-22; 17-21
Sunrise: 6h. 39m.
Sunset: 6h. 51m.

FRIDAY: March 28

Improvements Committee Meeting, Corporation Hall, at 2-30 p.m. (B.T.)

STANDING COMMITTEE DINNER—The Standing Committee Dinner will be held at the Bombay Presidency Radio Club, Arthur Bunder, Fort, to-day (Wednesday) at 7-51 p.m. (B.T.) or 8-30 p.m. (S.T.)

GRANT COLLEGE MEDICAL SOCIETY—A clinical meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 9 p.m. at Physiology Laboratory Grant Medical College. Lecture on "Medical Gleanings from a ramble across America."

HINDI VIDYAPEETH—Under the auspices of Bombay Hindi Vidyapeeth Vangmaya Mandal and Kanara Saraswat Mahila Samaj, Pandit Ayodhyaprasad Goyaleeya of Delhi, will deliver a lecture in Hindi in Saraswat Hall, Gamdevi, to-day (Wednesday) at 8 p.m.

BOMBAY VIGILANCE ASSOCIATION—The 18th annual general meeting of the above association will be held in the Secretariat (1st Floor), to-day (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. when Mr. R. P. Masani, President of the Association, will preside and an address will be delivered by His Grace Archbishop of Bombay. A report of the year's work will be presented.

MUSLIM LADIES' CONFERENCE

The Hon. Gen. Secretary, Ladies' Sub-Committee of the B. P. Muslim League, writes: A meeting of the Ladies' Reception Committee was held on Monday, at Mrs. Somji's residence and it was decided that Al-Haja Khorshed Khanum Jairajbhoy be elected Chairman of the Ladies' Reception Committee and Mrs. Khadija Shafi Tyebji, M.L.A., will perform the opening ceremony of the Ladies' Conference. A Guest Committee of the following was formed: Mrs. Fatmabai Mohamedali Maniar (Convener); Al-Haja Khorshed Khanum Jairajbhoy, Mrs. Sultana Fazle Husain, Miss Rabia A. Shakoor, Miss Taherabai A. Shakoor, Miss Rafat Ispahani, Miss Safia Maniar, Miss Meherbanoo M. Vishram, Sherbanoo Joosab Esmail Ooka, Mrs. Zakaria Maniar, Dr. Mrs. Gulbanoo Mohamed Husain and Mrs. K. A. Somji.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"That Certain Age" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL:—"The Return of Frank James" Daily 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO:—"The Philadelphia Story" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR:—"The Howards of Virginia" Daily 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m
NEW EMPIRE:—"The Son of Monte Cristo" Daily 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
PATHE:—"Radhika" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY.—"Bandhan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
WEST END:—"Ghar-Jawai" Daily at 4-30, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
MINERVA.—"Virginia" Daily at 4-30 7 and 9-45 p.m.
KRISHNA:—"Samajna Vanke" Daily at 5, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL:—"Prabhat" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE:—"Raj Nartaki" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL:—"Padosi" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC:—"Punarmilan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
HINDMATA:—"Qaidi" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA:—"Madhu Sudan" Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
LAMINGTON:—"Pardesi" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS—A public meeting for Questions and Answers preceded by a short talk on "What Is Death?" will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. at Jehangir Wadia Building, opp. Flora Fountain.

KHORDADSAL JASHAN AND SERMON—The auspicious Khordadsal Festival will be celebrated at the N. M. Petit Fasali Atash Kadeh to-day (Wednesday) at 5-15 p.m. Jashan ceremony will be performed and at 6-15 p.m. Dasturji F. A. Bode will deliver a lecture in Gujarati on "The importance of Khordadsal and the significance of the ideals of Perfection and Immortality."

Bombay War Gifts Fund

Amount previously acknowledged: Rs. 44,46,049/8/9.

For Lord Mayor's Relief Fund: Rs. 500 Mr. R. F. Robinson, Rs. 100 Lieut. A. B. Goord, R.I.N.

For the R.A.F.: Rs. 150/4 through the Mamlatdar and Sub-Treasury Officer, Godhra, Broach and Panch Mahal, Rs. 116 through the Collector of Thana, being subscription from the public, Rs. 100 Mr. D. E. Budgett-Meakin and Mr. J. P. Ross, Rs. 50 Major L. Carter.

For the Royal Indian Navy: Rs. 1,200 the Royal Laundry Co.

Grand Total: Rs. 44,48,432/11/9.

B. P. Infant Welfare Society

"If we are to hope for a better and healthier race of men and women in future we must begin with the children, who will form the new generation", observed Lady Lumley, President of the Bombay Presidency Infant Welfare Society, presiding at the annual general meeting of the Society held at the Committee Room of the Bombay Secretariat on Tuesday evening.

Lady Lumley dwelt upon the vast strides of progress made by the institution and said that the difficulties which the Society had to face in the present condition may be great but she felt that the Society was well equipped to face them.

She said that there were very few charitable institutions in this country which were performing more useful work than the Society. Its work touched the very foundation of the life of the people.

The annual report for the year 1940 was unanimously adopted.

Mr. Purshottamdas Harkisondas, Dr. S. S. Bankar and Dr. K. S. Mhaskar, who retired by rotation, were re-elected.

INFANTILE LIVER & SPLEEN COMPLAINTS

The onset of Infantile Liver and Spleen complaints is indicated by such symptoms as an occasional rise in temperature, attended by constipation or diarrhoea, vomiting, stools coloured clay, muddy or white, sometimes emitting bad smell, loss of appetite and slight abdominal distension. The child exhibits peevishness and is inert and drowsy. It shows an inclination to lie on the face with the abdomen in contact with cold surface. The child's urine when allowed to dry on the floor leaves white patches. The child gets thinner.

Before use

AT SUCH A STAGE "SIMPLE" LIVER CURE IS RECOMMENDED. As the disease advances, further symptoms such as hardening of the liver; pain over the region of the liver; high temperature; jaundice (shown by the condition of the yellowness of urine, eyes and skin); collection of fluid in the abdomen; distension of the abdomen; protuberance of abdominal veins; swelling of legs, face and hands are exhibited.

AT SUCH A STAGE "COMPLICATED" LIVER CURE IS RECOMMENDED

Medical practitioners all over India are convinced that JAMMI'S "LIVER CURE" is the infallible and radical cure for Infantile Liver and Spleen complaints. Prompt use of Liver Cure has saved thousands of children from the fatal consequences of neglected or inapt treatment.

After use

Consult or write for detailed Literature:

JAMMI VENKATARAMANAYYA & SONS
Parekh Mansion, Sandhurst Road, Bombay.
'Phone: 41593. 'Grams: "Livercure."

DEATH OF D. SUBBA RAO

Popular Reporter Of "Chronicle"

The "Bombay Chronicle" regrets to announce the death of Mr. D. Subbarao, a member of its reporting staff, at the K.E.M. Hospital, early on Tuesday morning. The Club of the Journalists' Association of India remained closed on Tuesday, as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased.

Mr. Subbarao who had been suffering from mastoiditis had been operated upon about six weeks ago. He had been well on the way to recovery and was discharged from the hospital a couple of weeks ago. But, on Friday last, his condition took a turn for the worse and he had to be re-admitted to hospital. His condition rapidly deteriorated and he passed away on Tuesday morning.

(FROM A COLLEAGUE).

Mr. Subbarao who had been working on the staff of the "Bombay Chronicle" and the "Bombay Sentinel" for the last seven years had endeared himself not only to his colleagues in the office but also to the entire community of journalists by his hearty manner and his amiable temper.

He was born with a restless spirit and his soul was always aflame with a relentless spirit of reform. There was no injustice which did not rouse him to indignation and no worthy cause which did not call forth his enthusiasm.

MR. D. SUBBA RAO.

Even as a student he was fired with patriotic zeal and threw himself heartwhole into the nationalist movement in India. He served a pretty long term of imprisonment during the Civil Disobedience days.

After the Civil Disobedience movement was called off Subbarao became a wanderer for his faith and scoured the country from end to end, ever busy with this, that and the other work—thinking little of himself and less of his family till at last he settled down in Bombay as a journalist.

His pre-occupation with public work left him little time and energy to think of his own affairs and it was only three years ago, when he was thirty years of age that he thought of getting married. He now leaves behind him his wife and a little daughter of two years.

His work as a journalist did not in any way dim his enthusiasm for public causes. He was an indefatigable worker in the cause of labour.

WORK FOR CITY ANDHRAS

In recent years Subbarao took active part in the social and educational progress of the Telugu community in the city and was a tireless worker in their cause. He was a member of the Executive Committee of the Andhra Mahasabha and a foundation and life member of the Telugu Seva Sangh.

To his colleagues in the "Chronicle" office, his death has come as a grievous shock and it almost seems impossible to believe that Subbarao is no more; and that to-morrow morning he will not stroll into the office in his usual leisurely manner with a cigar stuck in his mouth and bundle of books and papers under his arm. It seems difficult to reconcile ourselves to a day when we can no more hail our "Subbudu" and rag him as we used to do.

Is it possible that he will no more pester us with the tale of woe of some down and out chap that he has picked up somewhere. It is in some person's nature to help a lame dog over a stile; but Subbarao seemed to have a knack of stumbling against lame dogs every day of his life.

High Court

BROKER'S RIGHT OF INDEMNITY LOST

Appeal Allowed

(Before the Hon. the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia).

Chandrakant Devji: Appellant (Original Defendant v. Messrs. Narottamdas Amarchand: Respondents (Original Plaintiffs).

This was an appeal from the judgment of the Hon. Mr. Justice Somjee delivered on 11th October, 1940, decreeing the plaintiff's suit for Rs. 9,883 with costs.

The plaintiffs carried on business as certified share and stock brokers of the Bombay Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association. Pursuant to the instructions of the defendant the plaintiffs effected transactions of the deferred shares of the Tata Iron and Steel Co., Ltd., and the shares of the Bombay Dyeing Co., Ltd. in the market for October/November settlement. On 23rd November 1939 as the market had gone against the defendant considerably, the plaintiffs relying upon the practice and usage of the Stock Exchange called upon the defendant to pay Rs. 9,000 by way of margin money, and on his failing to pay them the plaintiffs closed the outstanding transactions of the defendant on 25th November 1939. This resulted in a loss of Rs. 9,983, which became payable by the defendant to his brokers (the plaintiffs) as his brokers had made payments in respect of these transactions to third parties in the market. On an amendment of the plaint the plaintiffs submitted in the alternative that even if the closing of the said transactions on 25th November was held to be unauthorised, the plaintiffs as agents were entitled to be indemnified by their principal, the defendant, as on the settlement day—viz: 13th December 1939—till which day the contract remained open. Though on that basis the loss would be greater by almost Rs. 6,000, the plaintiffs did not claim from the defendant any sum larger than Rs. 9,983 being the actual loss incurred.

The defendant denied that there was any practice or usage of the market whereby the plaintiffs were entitled to demand margin money. The defendant also denied that the plaintiffs were entitled to be indemnified as they acted against the instructions of the defendant.

At the hearing in the trial court Counsel for the plaintiffs abandoned the contention that there was a custom in the market entitling brokers to demand margin money from their clients in the event of the market going against the latter, and relied only on the agent's right of indemnity from his principal under section 222 of the Indian Contract Act, for all lawful acts. On behalf of the defendant it was argued that the premature closing of the transactions on 25th November being in the absence of proof of such a commercial custom, unlawful the agent's right of indemnity was lost (Ellis v. Pond (1898) 1 Q.B. 426). Relying on an unreported judgment of Mr. Justice Taraporevala delivered in 1926, counsel for the defendant further contended that by closing the transactions on 25th November the plaintiffs had repudiated and committed an anticipatory breach of the contract, which was not retracted by notice to the defendant, and that, therefore, the transactions did not remain open till the 13th December (the settlement day) and the plaintiffs were not entitled to indemnity as on that day as per their amendment to the plaint, nor were they ready and willing to perform their part of the contract.

His Lordship did not accept these arguments advanced on behalf of the defendant His Lordship stated that the English decision in Ellis v. Pond as well as the judgment of Mr. Justice Taraporevalla were distinguishable and did not apply to the present case. His Lordship stated that the defendant not having accepted the closing transactions of purchase of 25th November and not having treated them as immediate breaches, they remained open till the settlement day (13th December) and the plaintiffs as agents were entitled to be indemnified by the defendant, who was their principal. His Lordship, therefore, passed a decree in favour of the plaintiffs for Rs. 9,883 and for costs.

From this decree of the trial court the defendant appealed to their lordships.

There was a protracted hearing in the course of which all the arguments before the lower court were reviewed.

Their lordships delivering two separate but concurring judgments held that the learned trial judge erred in allowing the plaintiffs to amend their plaint, because the amendment was based on a totally different and inconsistent set of facts. If the amendment had been refused the plaintiffs' suit should have failed. His Lordship the Chief Justice observed that the result would be unfortunate but that the plaintiffs had only themselves to blame for that, for they should have made up their minds as to what position they were going to take up—whether they were going to treat the contract as closed or as still being open. His lordship Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia stated that the plaintiffs having repudiated the contract and having persisted in the repudiation, and the defendant not having acquiesced in its continuance, it was not open to the plaintiffs to claim to be indemnified as agents of the defendant. Their lordships expressed agreement with the observations in Ellis v. Pond and in the unreported judgment of Mr. Justice Taraporevalla delivered in 1926. Their lordships, therefore, held that the learned trial judge was wrong and allowed the appeal of the defendant with costs throughout.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MARCH 26, 1941.

TAKE THE CHANCE

The country has had little authoritative information about the Bombay Conference after its conclusion nearly two weeks ago, though, in order to expedite matters, it authorised the President to take all such steps as he might deem necessary to achieve its objects. The public response to the resolution of the Conference has been very sympathetic, and even a British paper like the *Manchester Guardian* has remarked that, in view of this resolution, representing the views of the most moderate sections in the country, the Viceroy's proposals of August last "are now out of date and we must make a fresh start." Government have scrupulously refrained from indicating to the slightest extent their reaction to the Conference and this fact is interpreted by certain persons in the know that Government are seriously considering the Bombay proposals if only because these represent the minimum that Government have to concede to end the present deadlock. Some suggest that the Secretary of State should at once visit India to study the situation first-hand, being previously authorised to agree to a settlement on the basis of these proposals. Now comes the report from London that, according to the Political Correspondent of the *Reynolds News*, the promoters of the Conference are planning to send a deputation to London: *The Britain and the East* welcomes the idea, as if it were a definite fact, of sending a deputation led by Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru.

The Basic Principle

Unless Government make a satisfactory response to the Bombay resolution, little will be gained from any deputation to or from India. That resolution lays down a basic principle and unless that is wholly conceded there can be no negotiations about details through a delegation or otherwise. The principle cannot be even whittled down, as some "Jo-hukumis" are trying to do, for it represents an irreducible minimum. It is twofold. It demands, first, an immediate declaration that within a brief specified period after the war India will be granted a status not inferior to that of Britain. Secondly, it demands that "the whole Executive Council should consist of non-official Indians drawn from important elements in the public life of the country." Both these demands are essential, a charter of future status and an immediate earnest to establish its 'bona fides' and to facilitate its full implementing. To ignore either demand is to ignore the whole principle and that means the ruin of any chance of any kind of settlement.

Wanted Justice

The question is still being asked by certain friends of Government how there can be a definite declaration about India's self-government or a radical immediate change in the Central Government in the absence of a communal settlement or of an assurance from Congress that it will support war effort. We have already shown that the objection regarding the communal situation is untenable. As regards Congress attitude, it depends on Government's response to its own demands or those of the Bombay Conference. If Government accept the Poona offer, which has, strictly speaking, lapsed, it is not impossible to revive that offer and make it the basis for negotiations. The offer lapsed because of Government's blunder and can be revived as soon as the blunder has been set right for nothing has happened to convert what was then intrinsically right into something intrinsically wrong now. Even if Government go only so far as the Bombay Conference wants them to go and if they also release the Working Committee members, even then there is a fair chance of at least a tentative settlement with Congress, far more helpful to Government than the present situation. And it behoves Government to take that chance. For then even if Congress declines to support war effort actively, it will in all probability at least refrain from hindering it, provided always that Gandhiji is left free to preach the principles of non-violence. After all, what the Bombay Conference demands is sheer justice, minimum justice at that, and its merits do not depend upon the war effort its acceptance may evoke. Let Britain do justice to India and to the cause of freedom and democracy for which she claims to be fighting. And India will not fail in her part in such a fight.

Protection To Industries

The official Bill to continue for another year the protection granted to iron and steel manufactures, sugar and silver thread met with some criticism in the Central Legislative Assembly not because the House opposed protection to these industry but because Government are not following the most suitable policy in the matter of protection. Businessmen have often pointed out that the present policy must be overhauled and be made more generous and more dependent upon the needs of the country than on Government's whims, often determined by extraneous considerations. Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, whose return to the Assembly after a long absence was justly welcomed, suggested some sound general principles of protection, not the least important of which was that protection "should extend gainful employment which raised the standard of life, not employment under exploited conditions."

But Mr. Mehta needlessly dragged khaddar into his argument and misrepresented its value in national economy. He did not approve, he said, "employment of the khaddar type in which after twelve hours of work you get two annas as wage." As a matter of fact the All-India Spinners' Association, which is controlling this industry, has been giving for a few years past a higher wage for eight hours' work. The Association is doing so even at the risk of limiting the popularity of khaddar because it wants to establish the principle of a minimum wage so far as khaddar can do so. But suppose some half-starved men—there are millions such in India—who do not find any more remunerative work and offer to spin for twelve hours for a wage of only two annas. Then by all means pay them a higher wage if you can or, give them more remunerative work. But if you can do neither, it is not kindness to send away empty-handed the half-starved unemployed men who spin merely because the wage of two annas is too low. Where there is a real choice between two annas and a higher wage, it is certainly exploitation to choose the former. But where the choice is between two annas and nothing, it is cruelty to discard the former.

The Disappearance Of Wisdom

(By A FOREIGN OBSERVER)

Some time back I was interested in prospecting for a rare mineral which I had been told had been discovered in 1914 in a certain jungle by a European who was later killed in the last War. I wanted to know where he had prospected and the places from which he had extracted samples. In one village I questioned a cooly who had worked for this prospector, but as he could not give me the information I wanted, I asked for someone else. I soon realized that the man with whom I was talking was the only man in the village old enough to remember the events of 1914.

I began to notice, too, that in this respect other villages in the same jungle were the same. One need not be very old to remember what happened in 1914, but persons even of that age were rare and exceptional. Malaria and typhoid and malnutrition, evils due to poverty and its resultant ignorance, had probably been taking an unceasing toll of human lives. There were plenty of babies, there were survivors in their teens to marry, some in their twenties, a few in their thirties and only exceptions over forty.

In the March issue of the "Modern Review" the editor points out a serious drainage of experience from India due to the retirement abroad of civil servants who have spent a lifetime in India. The loss, however, of invaluable experience and wisdom by the high death rate in the masses far exceeds the possible loss by the retirement abroad of a few thousand officials.

In contrast to India, England and a number of other countries of Europe and America are fast becoming lands where people beyond the age of retirement are forming an impressive portion of the population, whereas kindergarten teachers are being dismissed for a lack of little children to teach. In those countries there are very many persons distributed throughout the general population who have had life-time experiences in administration, law, medicine, and the whole run of human knowledge and experience. Young people full of energy and dreaming new ideas there can easily turn to those who can discuss their new ideas in the light of decades of painful trial and experience. The effect on the economics and general social fabric of these countries is inestimable.

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It is precisely this treasure of experience that is generally denied the youth of India. This is true for India as a whole, and doubly true for certain sections of the population. When we speak of the average expectation of life at birth in India as some twenty-two years (as against twice that in most lands of the West), we must remember that we are speaking of the land as a whole. There are many castes and tribes and strata of the general population in which the general expectation is even much lower.

There is general regret at the low standard of conduct of certain groups of the poorer classes but it is not generally realized that these groups are almost entirely deprived of the steadying influence of wiser and older heads on account of the high death rate. What can be expected of a group of illiterates of child mentality and child experience yet charged with adult responsibility.

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The reader may realize what this means by asking a few questions of his sweeper or of the poor coolies camping on some vacant lots in Bombay. How many surviving parents and grandparents and brothers and sisters and children has any such person you meet? I asked such questions of some seven sweepers in a big business office. Only one was over thirty. There should have been fourteen parents, of course, if all had survived, in reality only two had mothers living, none fathers. One sweeper only had a grandfather living. One had only one brother left of seven. Their morals showed the deplorable traits one could expect when inexperienced youth is deprived of the guidance of older wisdom.

There are shortcomings in every nation, and critics, both Indians and foreigners, point out defects in India, weaknesses in the national struggle for progress, but very much of these defects can be directly traced to the fact that poverty has made India a land almost of children. The high death rate has a most devastating effect on the national strength. It is caused by poverty and results in more poverty.

KING-HALL NEWSLETTER

THE BATTLE OF ATLANTIC

The following are cabled extracts from the King-Hall Newsletter No. 245, dated March 20, 1941:

The "Battle of the Atlantic" has now opened in earnest and its importance cannot be exaggerated. Hard knocks will have to be taken as the figures of sinkings reveal only too clearly. Moreover, the public should realise that the tonnage published refers only to ships sunk and not to ships damaged. It is obvious that a badly damaged vessel may be out of action for weeks and indeed months. For this reason every effort must be made to expedite repairs and this is largely a problem of mobilising labour and making it available immediately in the repair yards.

There is a tendency to simplify the Battle of the Atlantic and to think of it in terms of attacking submarines. But the elements of the struggle include the following factors: (A) Protection of convoys. (B) Air attacks on U-boat bases. (C) Air patrols against U-boats and German reconnaissance aeroplanes which co-operate with U-boats. (D) Surface patrols against U-boats. (E) Operations against enemy surface raiders. (F) Rationing in Britain. (G) Ship repairing. (H) New ship construction. (I) Speedy unloading and turning round at ports.

It will thus be seen that the Battle of the Atlantic is being fought on many fronts and by many parts of our war machine.

Three important steps have recently been taken by the British Government to meet this challenge: The appointment of Admiral Sir Percy Noble as Commander-in-Chief to the western approaches; the fresh drive announced by the Ministry of Labour to bring a thousand experienced hands back to the shipyards; and the introduction of the policy of unified control and co-ordination of work for repairs. But better late than never.

While the main burden in the struggle will continue to fall on Britain, we know that we shall not stand alone. The immediate importance to us in these islands of the Lease and Lend Bill and of the intentions expressed by President Roosevelt in his speech at the close of last week lies in the fact that the United States of America have undertaken to see to it that the fight for democracy will not be lost in the Atlantic. "Britain and her Grecian allies...need ships", the President declared. "From America they will get these ships". Without that undertaking the promise of American aeroplanes, tanks, guns and munitions might prove to have been nothing more than a well-intentioned gesture.

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When the Nazi war machine overran the countries of Western Europe in spring last year America ceased to be neutral in the old-time meaning of that term. The Lease and Lend Bill, interpreted as it has been by the President and supported by an overwhelming majority of American citizens, means that in effect the United States of America is at war with Germany.

Whether she will ever be engaged in military operations against the enemy remains to be seen. In our opinion there is now no shadow of doubt that if the American people find their active participation necessary to rid the world of the Nazi menace they won't be long in coming. But a decision in this matter may be forced upon the American people from another quarter. Hitler may succeed in his efforts to push the Japanese into some action in the South-Western Pacific which would be intolerable to American opinion and interests. Alternatively, if Hitler made up his mind that the tide of American aid to Britain had reached such proportions that the question of the declaration of war by the United States was of secondary importance, Germany might commit some openly hostile act which would bring America formally into the war.

NO ABSOLUTE MERIT IN JAIL GOING

CALCUTTA, March 25.

"There is no absolute merit in jail-going. It is only a means. If you attain the end without going to jail we should welcome the opportunity". Thus states a letter received by the Secretary of the Provincial Congress Committee from Mahatma Gandhi in connection with the Satyagraha movement and other Congress work in the Province.

SUCCESS ASSURED.

"Your difficulties", Mahatma Gandhi adds, "I can well imagine but the road to success is overlain with them. They need not baffle us. If our steps are firm and true success is assured. I do not worry about their non-arresting Satyagrahis. You must turn this move of the Government to good account. Let them work in their districts and organise them, if they will not march towards Delhi".

Mahatma Gandhi lays special stress on outside work and remarks that it is just as valuable as being in jail. "In any event", he points out, "a vast majority will always be outside. If they are organised fully, none need court imprisonment".

ON AZAD'S ARREST.

Referring to Maulana Abul Kalam Azad's arrest and conviction, Mahatma Gandhi says that Maulana's arrest is, of course, unfortunate, but they knew it had to come. Every one of these difficult works puts them on their mettle.—A. P.

NOON ARRIVES IN U. S. A.

NEW YORK, March 25

Sir Firozekhan Noon, High Commissioner for India in London, arrived here by Clipper on Saturday.—Reuter.

IMPROVEMENT IN MUNSHI'S CONDITION

BOMBAY, Tuesday

Mr. K. M. Munshi was examined again today by his family doctors. A slight improvement in his condition is reported.

SHOP SET ABLAZE

Dacca Passes Peaceful Night But Trouble Starts In Morning

DACCA, March 25.

Dacca passed a peaceful night yesterday but there was trouble this morning when a shop in Madan Mohan Bysak Road was set ablaze and an attempt was made to raid the house of Municipal Commissioner in south Maisundi. The timely appearance of the police, however, saved the situation from getting serious.

There have been no further casualties and the arrests up till now total about 250.

Shops and educational and commercial institutions continue to remain closed and, although the law courts are open, very few litigants and lawyers are to be noticed. Some of the banks reopened to-day and the officers were taken in well-guarded cars to their respective places of business.—A. P.

FRESH ARRESTS
Premier's Discussions With Leaders

LATER

The improvement in the situation is being maintained and no cases of assault were admitted to hospital till late in the evening. Several houses were, however, reported to be set fire to in different quarters of the city during the day and a few more arrests were made. The injured Deputy Magistrate, Mr. P. Nag, is reported to be progressing in hospital.

Males were delivered to-day in certain localities but money orders and other valuable postal articles accumulated since the commencement of the riot still remain undelivered.

The Chief Minister of Bengal, Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, arrived here to-day from Calcutta. He met officials and leading non-officials and discussed the latest situation with them.—A. P.

DECLARATION OF "HARIJAN" FILED

AHMEDABAD, March 25.

The declaration filed by Mr. Jivanji Desai as printer and publisher of Mahatma Gandhi's three weeklies—"Harijan", "Harijan Bandhu," and "Harijan Sevak" has been sanctioned by the Additional District Magistrate.—A. P.

Frankly Speaking

Plight Of Keren

Apparently the situation round Keren is developing to a climax more rapidly than was expected from reports during the last few days. Presumably realising their plight the Italians made on Monday no less than seven desperate and heavy counter-attacks. These were beaten off with serious losses to the attackers and, adds the Cairo communique, "the British troops are again making headway". This means that Italian resistance is now cracking. Even more significant is Rome radio's reference on Monday "to the formidable pressure on Keren and of the enormous superiority of the British tanks, aircraft and mechanised troops". This sounds like preparing the Italian public for the imminent end of Keren. If Keren is about to fall, the conquest of the whole of Eritrea should not take more than a few days. British troops racing towards Addis Ababa from a number of directions are also now making good progress. Harar and Dire Dawa are at their mercy and the only serious opposition that is expected is on the Awash river no more than a hundred miles east of the Capital. Il Duce's East African Empire is, of course, doomed. The one important question is whether it will be liquidated early enough to enable the British to render effective assistance to Greece—and possibly Turkey—in good time.

"Blitz" Against Greece

The Belgrade Government under Prince Paul have surrendered to Germany, no matter what the visible terms may be. With Yugoslavia out of the way—or rather inside the Axis sphere—the stage is set for a German blitzkrieg upon Greece, at any rate, through Bulgaria. The sudden intensification of pressure on Belgrade and the indecent hurry with which the representatives of the demoralised Government of Yugoslavia spirited themselves to Vienna,—as also the German High Command's significant reference to troop movements, justify the report in a Sunday paper of London that Herr Hitler had finally planned his aggression against Greece for Wednesday, that is, to-day. An attack upon Greece within a few days, if not actually to-day, is certain. What remains to be seen is how the Greeks stand up to Herr Hitler's army and, even more important, what assistance the British can immediately render to them.

Interesting Declaration

Meanwhile, an interesting development has taken place simultaneously in Moscow and Ankara. Mutual assurances have been exchanged between Russia and Turkey in the following terms:

"Should Turkey be, in fact, the object of aggression and be led to go to war for the defence of her territory, Turkey may, in conformity with the non-aggression pact between her and the U.S.S.R. count on the entire understanding and neutrality of the U.S.S.R."

The assurance has been reciprocated in identical terms by Turkey. One point that seems to us to emerge from this declaration is that Turkey will not go to war unless her own territory is attacked. Will Herr Hitler attack her? The answer to this question mainly depends upon the Fuehrer's opinion as to the advantages and disadvantages of taking on Turkey. The Nazi leader is a cautious man and will carefully balance the pros and cons before taking the risk. In this connection let us point out that, in our opinion, the Russo-Turkish declaration does not change the situation to any extent against him. If the assurance of neutrality relieves Turkey of her anxiety regarding Russian action, the same assurance relieves Herr Hitler, too, of a similar anxiety. It is for this reason that we are not inclined to entertain any enthusiastic optimism regarding potentialities of this declaration even inspite of the phrase "entire understanding"

Option Business

The recent sharp rise of over Rs. 60 per candy in Indian cotton prices demands careful investigation. The Government of Bombay have banned option business by issuing a special ordinance, but there were persistent reports of large numbers of option transactions having been concluded in the local market. It is true that the rise in prices will be welcomed, but it is essential to find out what were the sinister forces which unduly depressed cotton prices and deprived the Indian cotton growers of his right to realize a fair price and how far the present rise is justified. If speculation is allowed unchecked, it may do more harm to *bona fide* interests, namely cotton growers and the textile industry. What is required is a self-adjusting market, in view of new developments, leaving some room for genuine forward business but, in no circumstances, should the cotton trade be left under the control of powerful and professional operators. The Government of Bombay should find out whether the ban on option business was honestly acted upon by the operators.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

MADRID, March 23.

Spain's ability to retain her neutral position in the present war was given special emphasis yesterday in the first official Spanish reference to foreign policy since the passing of the American Lend and Lease Bill.

The Under-Secretary for the Press and Propaganda Ministry, Senor Antonio Tovar, who accompanied the Foreign Secretary Senor Suner, to Germany and Italy recently, said: "The most serious risks are inherent in our geographical position. We cannot live unarmed or unwatchful."

Senor Tovar added that Spain to-day wanted to emerge from the centuries of retirement.—Reuter.

* * * *

Mr. Husainbhoy Laljee, says a Central Assembly report, "criticised Government for failing to act on the first principle of all modern Government...."

Isn't he making a mistake about our Government in India?

* * * *

"Mr. Jamnadas Mehta, who recently defeated a Congress candidate, took his seat in the House."

—Anglo-Indian Report.

We hope the Treasury Benchers duly fell on his shoulders and drenched them with tears of joy.

* * * *

Some indignation, we gather, has been caused in Bombay journalistic circles by the behaviour of the Public Relations Officer, Defence Department.

We fear we cannot sympathise with our confreres. As journalists, they ought to have known that the gentleman in question, Mr. Jehu, is no more a newspaperman, but a full-fledged, one hundred per cent-er-war time Lieutenant-Colonel.

* * * *

M. Matsuka has presented M. Stalin "a thirteenth century Japanese screen decorated with hunting scene."

A most eloquent symbolical representation in every way of Japanese policy.

* * * *

We hope M. Stalin will reciprocate the gift with something equally symbolical.

Perhaps the best would be a 20th century Russian screen—yes, screen ought to be common to both—decorated with military scenes in Eastern Siberia.

The Junior Colleague, however, suggests that this screen, too, should be decorated with Soviet hunting scenes.

* * * *

Soviet Russia has assured Turkey of her "understanding and neutrality" in the event of the latter defending herself against aggression.

What is understood in "understanding"?

* * * *

It is reported that the special train which took the Yugo-Slav ministers from Belgrade to Vienna was very carefully guarded.

It was, we think necessary lest the people of Yugo-Slav might commit some violent act of treason against—themselves?

* * * *

Will Vichy Fail In Its Promise?
—Headline.

Not to Berlin.

* * * *

A convoy of French ships escorted by destroyers is reported to be heading for Southern Atlantic.

Are the "Scharnhorst" and the "Gneisenau" somewhere there?

* * * *

A woman, whose son was a prisoner of war in Germany, received a letter which at first rather puzzled her.

He wrote in glowing terms of the kindness being shown to him. But the last sentence explained everything:—

"Tell all my friends in the Army about the kindness that is being shown to me; tell it to my friends in the Air Force; but, above all, tell it to the Marines!"

Independent Abyssinia Rises Again

Emperor Holds Court For First Time After Five Years: British Forces Advance Towards Capital: Battle Of Keren Still Rages

LONDON, March 25.

According to messages received here from Khartoum "the rebirth of Independent Abyssinia" was marked by the first public ceremony attended by the Emperor, Haile Selassie, recently.

Surrounded by Generals and Officers of State, the Emperor sat in State at Burye in Gojjam Province, while loyal troops marched past and their leaders paid homage to the sovereign for whom they had waited for five years to greet.

The parade continued for two hours, many troops carrying machineguns and mortars captured from the Italians. Local patriot Kabada, who is one of the central figures of the rebellion against the Italians, read an address of welcome to his Emperor who replied.

BRITISH FORCES NEAR HARAR

CAIRO:—British Forces are now approaching Harar—the eastern gateway to Addis Ababa—following the action at Marda Pass. A number of prisoners and quantities of equipment were taken during and after that action, states a G. H. Q. 'communique.'

In southern Abyssinia operations north-west of Neghelli "continue to develop successfully", it added.

JIBUTI RAILWAY BOMBED

South African bombers continued attacks on March 23 on the Addis-Jibuti Railway between Awash and Dire Dawa, says a South African Air Force 'communique' issued from Nairobi. Bombs straddled a train in Arba station a few miles east of Awash.

A special correspondent with the South African Forces in Abyssinia writes:—"After a strenuous battle, British Imperial Forces striking west from Jijiga, have broken through the mountains forming one of Italians' last defences in Eastern Abyssinia. They have crossed the Marda Pass west of Jijiga and are advancing towards Harar. The enemy has established defensive lines through Harar although it had been declared an open town. Beyond Harar a good road leads to Dire Dawa on the Addis Ababa-Jibuti Railway which will shortly be cut.

ITALIAN RETREAT

The Italians are now withdrawing by rail and road from Dire Dawa and the main forces have fallen back to a line on the Awash, a river only hundred miles from Addis Ababa, where they will presumably offer a last stand.

South African armoured cars accompanying the Nigerian Force that captured Jijiga a week ago, have contacted the British Forces at Berbera after travelling 200 miles to the sea. Nigerian troops, also pushing east, covered 200 miles in 30 hours, taking Tugwajale and Hargeisa without opposition. They narrowly failed to capture some Italian garrisons which fled in disorder into the hills towards Burmao.

Italian fighting forces in British Somaliland are shattered and can no longer be considered to exist.

BATTLE OF KEREN

Heavy casualties were again inflicted on Italian Forces when British troops repulsed yet another counter-attack south-west of Keren. There was nothing of importance to report from Libya it is stated.

The R. A. F. bombed enemy troop positions in Keren on Sunday from dawn to dusk dropping over ten tons.

That night heavy British bombers swept over Tripolitania to attack shipping and an aerodrome. The damage is believed to have been considerable although a cloud made it impossible to see the details.

"Very heavy fighting is going on in the hills three or four miles from Keren, Italy's Eritrean stronghold, now besieged by the Imperial troops."

A military spokesman said the Italian forces there are putting up the strongest resistance of the African campaign.

Japan Captures Shangkao

4,500 Chinese Killed Since Start Of Offensive

SHANGHAI, March 25.

The capture of Shangkao, 75 miles south-west of Nanchang, is claimed in semi-official Japanese reports on Monday. Shangkao was reputed to be the principal Chinese stronghold in north-west of Kiangsi province. The reports add the Chinese lost 4,500 killed since the start of the Japanese offensive in this area a few days ago.—Reuter.

BOMB EXPLOSIONS IN SHANGHAI

13 Killed & 60 Wounded: 20 Suspects Arrested By French Police

SHANGHAI, March 25.

Thirteen Chinese were killed and 60 wounded when two large time bombs exploded in the foreign areas of Shanghai on Monday afternoon.

The explosions are believed to be the result of activities of political terrorists. Many of the injured are not expected to live. The French police has arrested 20 suspects. The targets were the offices of the Chungking Government's Central Bank of China. The main local office of the French concession and a branch office of the international Settlement were considerably damaged.—Reuter.

NO HANDCUFFS FOR SATYAGRAHIS

Madras Govt.'s Instructions To Police Officials

MADRAS, March 25

Following a recent instance in which Satyagraha prisoners were handcuffed while being escorted to the court for trial the Government have, it is learnt, issued strict instructions to police officials not to use handcuffs in Satyagraha cases as they are not likely to make any attempt to escape and handcuffing in such circumstances would be quite unnecessary and undesirable.—A. P.

Kurnool D. L. B. President Jailed

NANDYAL, March 24.

Mr. B. V. Subba Reddy, President, Kurnool District Board, who was arrested to-day for offering Satyagraha was convicted by the joint Magistrate under the Defence of India Rules and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment and to a fine of Rs. 500 in default, further three months' R. I.

Arrests And Convictions In Punjab

LAHORE, March 25.

Following arrests and convictions are reported in connection with Congress Satyagraha:—

OKARA: Mr. Gurbukhsh Singh, General Secretary, Okara District Congress Committee, and Shrimati Sita Devi arrested.

RAOHTAK: Ch. Harnam Singh sentenced to one year and Rs. 100 fine. Shrimati Munni Devi, six months' simple imprisonment.

SIALKOT: Chamnalal one year's rigorous imprisonment.

GURGAON: Dalip Chand, nine months' imprisonment and Govind Ram one year's imprisonment and Rs. 20 fine.

JULLUNDUR, March 25

Giani Sadara Singh who offered Satyagraha this afternoon at Nagra was arrested.

Baijnath who was arrested yesterday outside Rama Madi was convicted by the Additional District Magistrate and sentenced to one year's R.I. and a fine of Rs. 300 in default six months further.

Ramlal, who was arrested at Nashahar Dosha was sentenced to nine months' imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 200 in default four months further. A. P.

RAMAN'S SON IN VELLORE JAIL

COIMBATORE, March 24.

Mr. Chandrasekaran, son of Sir C. V. Raman, who was arrested recently under the Defence of India Rules and remanded in Coimbatore sub-jail, was taken to Vellore Central Jail to-day, where it is understood he will be kept under detention.—A. P.

Dr. Dadoo Sentenced For Propaganda Against War

(From A Correspondent).

TRANSVAAL: (By Mail).

The following are extracts from a Bulletin issued by the Nationalist Group of the Transvaal Indian Congress:—

Dr. Y. M. Dadoo, the leader of the Nationalist Group, was sentenced to two months' hard labour and a fine of £40 by the Magistrate at Benoni, for addressing a meeting of non-Europeans and asking them to form a united front against the policy of the Government regarding the war. Dr. Dadoo pointed out the "hypocrisy of the leaders of the British Government," who whilst declaring that "this war was for democracy and freedom, denied democratic rights and national independence to India."

Two Public Meetings

To explain the present political situation there will be public meetings under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee as under:—

To-day (Wednesday) 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) at Ghoga Street, Fort. Sjt. G. P. Hatheesingh will preside and Sjt. K. K. Shah, Sjt. H. R. Pardiwala and Sjt. Mohanlal M. Desai will address and at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at Nappoo Hall, Matunga (G.I.P.) Sjt. Dhirajlal B. Desai, President of the B.P.C.C. will preside and Mrs. Violet Alva will address.

To-morrow (Thursday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at Dana Bunder, Mandvi. Sjt. Dhirajlal B. Desai, President, B.P.C.C., will preside and Sjt. G. P. Hatheesingh, Abid Ali Jafferbhai and Salebhai Abdulkader will address.

British Army Continues To Break Records

Lord Croft's Disclosures Regarding African Campaign

LONDON, March 25.

British Army continues to break records. The curtain shielding its activities was lifted further by Lord Croft, Under-Secretary for War, in the House of Lords.

Lord Croft had a special word for the Home Guard, "probably the least expensive fighting force in history" which frees the mobile army to strike wherever necessary from Lofoten to Jijiga. Without the Home Guard, military commanders could not have risked the sending of vital reinforcements in men and weapons to smash the Italian army in Africa in the nick of time.

Lord Croft then made new disclosures regarding the African campaigns. Despite the peril of invasion, we parted with fine troops and first class equipment to meet the menace to Egypt and our vital communications with the East. It was the longest distance ever covered by an army in history to reach a major theatre of war an immense military undertaking in submarine-infested oceans. To-day it was permissible to mention that we have placed in safe custody in our prison camps a far larger number of enemy than all the forces at General Wavell's disposal in the sombre month of last June.—Reuter.

POLICE RAID BENARES CONGRESS OFFICE

Satyagraha Arrests And Convictions

BENARES, March 25.

Police searched five places here to-day and the office of the Benares District Congress Committee. Some books and pamphlets are reported to have been seized.

Congress workers and office bearers of the Benares D.C.C. were present, when the police searched the office of the Congress Committee.—A. P.

2 CONGRESS WORKERS ARRESTED

S. M. Powar & T. Raghunandansingh Taken To Thana

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Mr. Sakharam M. Powar, member of the "G" Ward Congress Committee, and Mr. Thakurprasad Raghunandansing, a Congress worker from "E" Ward, who had been selected by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee for offering satyagraha in the city this evening, were arrested in the early hours of this morning and taken to Thana for detention.

The next batch from Bombay will include Mr. K. N. Shetty Congress worker from "A" Ward and Mr. Ramachrajrai Sharma member of the "G" Ward Congress Committee. They propose to send intimation to the Commissioner of Police to-morrow of their intention to offer satyagraha in the city on Thursday.

Satyagraha in Suburbs

The Bombay Suburban District Congress Committee has drawn up a list of about 20 satyagrahis for the month of April. The next batch of Congressmen from the suburban area proposes to participate in the campaign in the first week of April.

Mr. Shamji Jairam Sachde, a satyagrahi from Bombay who was arrested in January and detained in Thana prison, was released last evening on grounds of ill health.

MR. R. K. PATEL ARRESTED

AHMEDABAD, March 25.

Mr. Ramanlal Keshavlal Patel was arrested to-day at Bareja village, in Ahmedabad District, while offering Satyagraha. -A. P.

Mrs. Dhotre Arrested

NAGPUR, March 25.

Mrs. Sharayutai Dhotre, wife of Mr. Dhotre, Secretary of the Gandhi Seva Sangh, was arrested this morning at Pulgaon under the Defence of India Rules and brought to Wardha Jail. Her trial takes place to-morrow.

It may be recalled that she offered Satyagraha in January and was detained for two days in jail. After release she was moving in the villages. This time she was arrested for a speech delivered at Mirapur on March 15.

Hariram Pujari of Arvi, who offered "Satyagraha" yesterday, was arrested and brought to Wardha Jail.

Berar Congressman Jailed

NAGPUR: March 25.

Mr. Mohanlal Chhajed, who was arrested yesterday for offering Satyagraha was sentenced to-day to three months' rigorous imprisonment under the Defence of India Rules.

Mr. Hariram Shionarayan was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment for offering Satyagraha at Arvi yesterday.

Mr. Vinayakrao Chandhari was arrested to-day for offering Satyagraha at Hinganghat.—United Press.

Pujari And Chhajed Jailed

WARDHA, March 25.

Hariram Pujari of Arvi and Mohanlal Chhajed, Secretary of the Wardha Taluk Congress, were sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment each under the Defence of India Act.

Vinayakrao Chowdhary, Vice-President of the Hinganghat Municipality, was arrested for offering Satyagraha.—A. P.

Ex-Parliamentay Secretary Arrested

LUCKNOW, March 25.

Mr. Gopinath Srivastava, ex-Parliamentary Secretary to the U. P. Government, and Mr. Triloki Singh, Chairman of the Lucknow District Board, were arrested under the Defence of India Rules. Their houses were searched by the police but nothing incriminating is reported to have been recovered.

Two Congressmen namely Jai Dayal Avasthi and Raj Narain Khanna, were also arrested under the Defence of India Rules. The house of Mr. Avasthi was searched.—A. P.

Jail Delivery In U. P.

LUCKNOW, March 25.

To relieve congestion in U. P. jails orders have been issued by the Provincial Government for the release of a large number of convicts undergoing imprisonment for minor offences subject to certain exceptions.

The releases have to be effected by April 15, as far as possible. It is recalled that there was a similar jail delivery in 1931|32 when about 2,000 prisoners were released by the Provincial Government.

Four Convicted In Madras

MADRAS, March 25.

Mr. S. Abdul Hamid and three others were convicted to-day by the Chief Presidency Magistrate under the Defence of India Rules for offering Satyagraha by shouting anti-war slogans in the city and were sentenced to fifteen days' rigorous imprisonment each. They were placed in "C" class.

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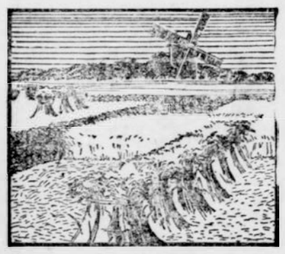

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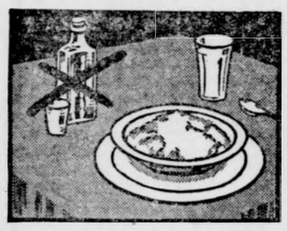

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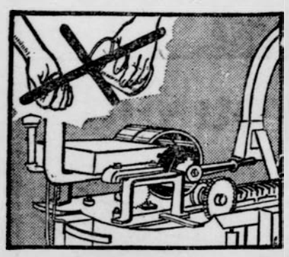

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Cleanses
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Dearness Allowance To B. N. Railway Employees

Workers' Union President's Parleys With Agent

CALCUTTA, March 25.

Questions relating to dearness allowance to employees of the Bengal Nagpur Railway were discussed by Mr. V. R. Kalappa, President of the B. N. Railway Indian Labour Union with Mr. A. Duncan, Agent and General Manager of the Railway this morning.

Mr. Kalappa was, it is understood, told that dearness allowance would be paid on the basis similar to that of State Railways. This will mean that in Calcutta employees drawing a salary of Rs. 60 per month and below will get Rs. 3 and in centres with a population over a lakh employees drawing Rs. 50 and below get Rs. 2-8, while at all other stations, employees drawing Rs. 30 and below will get Rs. 2 per month.

Mr. Kalappa is stated to have pointed out that on this basis, no other centres on the B. N. R excepting Calcutta and its suburbs and Nagpur, would secure any relief for their employees drawing above Rs. 30 for instance, an industrial centre like Kharagpur, the population of which is far below a lakh, would not be entitled to any relief for employees getting over Rs. 30, apart from the low rate of relief which will be Rs. 2 instead of Rs. 2 1|2 or Rs. 3 in other cases.

Mr. Kalappa said that the Railway Union would examine the cost of index and make a representation to the Railway administration for affording relief to the workers in Kharagpur and other centres, which had been left out of scope for relief according to the decision reached by the Government of India.

In the afternoon, Mr. Kalappa met representatives of Labour in Bengal at the office of the Provincial Trade Union Congress.

Those present at the meeting included Mr. Sibnath Banerjee, M.L.A., Dr. Charu Banerjee and Mr. Sudhir Pramanick.

Mr. Kalappa left for Nagpur this evening.—A. P.

QUIT LOCAL BODIES Punjab P. C. C. Call To Congressmen

LAHORE, March 25.

The Working Committee of the Punjab Provincial Congress Committee at a meeting held to-day instructed all Congress members of local bodies to resign before April 10.

The meeting also called upon members of the A.I.C.C. and Congress members of the Punjab Legislative Assembly, District Boards and Municipalities in the Punjab who have been permitted to offer Satyagraha by Mahatma Gandhi, to do so before April.—A. P.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

Mrs. Walter, wife of the (local) Warner Bros. Chief, tells me she is going to swoop down on the businessmen today in her effort to create a record sale of the "Defend India" flags, which are selling very fast. Last week she staged a minor blitzkrieg, and so successful was her campaign that she decided to stage another offensive with a fresh supply of ammunition. If you are the sort of guy who doesn't believe in putting his hands in his pocket, you are hereby warned, but if you are the large-hearted bloke we think you are, well it will have to be a complete surrender to these storm troops of Joans of Arc. A surrender complete with a ten rupee note. The cause is good, stand by. (In any case my car is going for repairs today.)

◆ ◆ ◆

Social and Personal:—

Shamrao Hivale, Verrier Elwin's right hand man has married. Shamrao was originally with the Christa Seva Sangha, Poona, and left it with Verrier Elwin. In their Bhumijan Seva Mandal work in the Mandla District, C.P., Shamrao's particular care is the Leper Home. His bride, Kumodini Bhambal, is a Poona girl and Shamrao has known her since childhood. Both are of the Indian Christian community, though Mahrattas by race. The marriage took place on Monday last before the Registrar in Poona. ("Sporting Times" please copy.)

◆ ◆ ◆

A Hindu-Muslim Hairdresser's Federation has been started, so writes Gestapo Agent P. Q. 13.

◆ ◆ ◆

Sir H. P. Mody and Sir Cowasji Jehangir must be stood a banquet by the citizen of Bombay on their return from Delhi. They did everything in the Imperial City except vote on the Finance Bill. I call that cute.

Satyagrahi's Arms Licence Confiscated

LAHORE, March 25.

In the Punjab Assembly this afternoon Sardar Ujjalsingh, Parliamentary Secretary, replying to a question said that the revolver and gun licences of Mian Iftikhar Uddin, M.L.A., had been confiscated by the Government as the licensee had been convicted under the Defence of India Rules. The question of returning the licences, he added, could not arise as long as he was in jail.

Congress M.L.A.s Absent Without Leave

LAHORE, March 25.

After question hour the Speaker, Sir Shahbuddin, informed the Punjab Assembly that Choudhri Krishangopal Dutt, Deputy Leader of the Congress Party, and Lala Dev Raj Sethi had been absent from the House for sixty days without leave.

The House proceeded to discuss the budget demand of Rs. 37,36,000 in respect of electricity schemes.

The debate was initiated by Rai Bahadur Sohanlal (Ministerialist) who is the chairman of the Lahore Electric Supply Company, by moving a cut motion.—A. P.

Vajoobhai Shukla Released

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, March 25.

After one year's imprisonment Mr. Vajoobhai Shukla was released from the Agency Prison last night.

To-day morning to welcome Mr. Vajoobhai he was taken in a public procession through the civil station and the city. The procession dispersed at Yuwak Sangha Office.

TRAINED GOVERNOR'S HORSES

Mr. Claud Jennings was one of the oldest trainers on the turf in Western India. He was liked and respected by all with whom he came in contact. At one time when the numerous horses of Sir Victor Sassoon ("Mr. Eve") and other prominent owners were in his charge he was one of the leading trainers but in recent years he had not been so much to the fore.

Among well-known owners for whom he was training during the past few seasons were H.E. Sir Roger Lumley and the Hon. Mr. Shantidas Askuran. Horses in his charge were successful in only five races during the present season.

The news of Mr. Jennings' tragic end has cast a gloom over racing circles in the city.

CALCUTTA, March 25.

Kalighat, the leading team in the second division of the Calcutta Hockey League left this evening for Bombay with a strong team to participate in the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament.—A. P.

NEW GOVERNOR OF BURMA

The Right Hon. Sir Reginald Hugh Dorman-Smith, M.P., who is to succeed Sir Archibald Cochrane, Governor of Burma, when the latter's tenure of office expires in May 1941.

Mr. Chunilal B. Mehta who has been elected President of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce.

Murderous Attack On Parsi Lady

Story Of Domestic Servant Who Is Alleged To Have Gashed Her Throat

As she was merrily laughing to herself while reading some incident in an evening newspaper, 32-year-old Sarah Burjorji Patel was unpleasantly aroused to the reality of her surroundings when a servant of a neighbouring tenant is reported to have pounced upon her and gashed her throat with a razor.

The lady, who was a resident of Jehangir Road, Dadar, it would appear, had complained to the alleged assailant's master that he was molesting the girls of the locality and had once threatened to complain to the police if he did not stop his amorous attentions to her.

As a result of this he was dismissed by his master. Enraged at the dismissal, he is alleged to have attacked the lady who is now lying in the K. E. M. Hospital in a precarious condition. The alleged assailant has been arrested.

Vacancies For War Service Men

By a Press Note dated March 13, 1941, the Government of India announced a scheme of reservation of vacancies in the Indian Civil Service and the Indian Police for suitable candidates with approved war service. In the same Press Note, the Government of India also stated that they proposed to apply a similar scheme of reservation to the Central Services with the necessary modifications, if any.

The Government of Bombay has already under consideration a scheme for the reservation of vacancies in the services under its control for candidates who render approved service in the war. The details will be published shortly.

CAWNPORE, March 25.—The opening of the Alice Horsman Memorial and Dufferin Hospital, Cawnpore, was performed by Lady Hallett to-day in the presence of a larger and distinguished gathering.—A. P.

AGA KHAN TOURNAMENT

HOLDERS LUCKY TO SURVIVE

Fortune Robs Kirkee Side Of Victory

The B. B. and C. I. Railway, who have this year gathered together a formidable side by drawing talent from all quarters and making them servants of the Railway, were rudely surprised on Tuesday when they were held to a draw by the Ammunition Factory, Kirkee. The Railway are the holders of the Aga Khan trophy, but they were definitely lucky to survive against Kirkee. In the second phase the B. B. and C. I. were out-classed, and the Factory missed sitters and then were deprived of the decider by a wrong decision of one of the referees. A forward had the Railway goal at his mercy when he was rushed at by a back just as he was about to score and his stick hooked. The referee should have awarded a penalty bully, or overlooked the infringement under the Advantage Rule and allowed the raiding forward to proceed with his effort. Neither thing was done, and the stands were shocked to see the man with the whistle decide upon a penalty corner—a wrong and poor decision.

INDIVIDUALS.

The Ammunition Factory played on Tuesday a brilliant game. McIntyre made a great back. Their half-line, Christie, Malkhana and Jadhav, have never played so well before. Christie was positively brilliant. Off the forwards Fitzpatrick and R. Brewin did not strike form, but Yussuf, D'Mello and Ughade were clever D'Mello was guilty of one great fault, that was the missing of scoring opportunity that would have put the B. B and C. I. out of the tournament. D'Mello missed one chance, but Fitzpatrick threw away three good opportunities.

If the Ammunition Factory can reproduce the form of Tuesday, the tipped winners of the tournament will be beaten.

PAGE UNBEATABLE.

George Page, the Railway centre-half, was the outstanding player on his side. He worked like a trojan, always accurate and sure, he was practically unbeatable. Willie Fernandes, the Railway's latest acquisition, played in patches, but when he did so his work was perfect. The B. B. and C. I. forward line were disappointing. An exception was Woodcock he played his usual, fine game. Alexandra, continues to be a sure back, but he was hard pressed on Tuesday, but stood up calmly to much stress and storm.

THE GAME.

Both areas were visited in turn, but in the fifth minute the B. B. and C. I. got out of a dangerous position, when in the course of a scramble in the Railway "D", an Ammunition Factory forward stepped into an off-side position. The free hit took the B. B. and C. I. up. They failed to put to purpose two penalty corners at the other end.

The Railway were not having things their own way and the Kirkee side enjoyed, if not as much of the game, very short of an equal exchange of the run of play. In the five minutes before half time the Ammunition Factory were subjected to sustained pressure and everybody felt the B. B. and C. I. would get the lead. The Kirkee defence held out and the teams crossed over with no score.

MISSED CHANCES.

Early in the second period the B. B. and C. I. engineered a good movement, but Dean failed to use a good opening. Not long after the Ammunition Factory got through and D'Mello found the net but he had scored from an off-side position and was rightly pulled up. At the other end the Railway would have taken the lead, but Murzello the centre-forward, failed to pick up a glorious pass from Woodcock. Dean was unlucky when with a very good shot he just failed to score for the B. B. and C. I. The visiting team then threw away a glorious chance, D'Mello being guilty. In the closing stages of the half the B. B. and C. I. Railway goal had a charmed life. The Kirkee side had no less than four splendid scoring chances which were absolutely thrown away. Two of these were positive sitters, missed by Fitzpatrick.

KIRKEE BADLY WRONGED.

An atrocious bit of wrong refereeing deprived the Ammunition Factory of a certain goal. Ughade, their left inner, had bettered the Railway backs and had the B. B. and C. I. goal at his mercy, when A. Pereira rushed on him and deliberately hooked his stick as he was about to score the decider. penalty-bully was called for or the application of the advantage rule. Neither thing was done, instead, to the astonishment of all fans present, only a penalty corner was awarded, which was poor recompense to the Kirkee team.

Extra time was allowed but a strenuous ten minutes yielded no goal.

The teams were:

B. B AND C. I. RAILWAY: A. De Sales, Alexander and A. Pereira; Agre, Page and Fernandes; Pappen, Dean, Murzello, Lodricks and Woodcock.

AMMUNITION FACTORY: Ingham, McIntyre and Darekar; Christie, Malkhana and Jadhav; Fitzpatrick, Yussuf, D'Mello, Ughade and Brewin.

UMPIRES: Messrs. J. Scott and T. Critchell.

TO-DAY'S MATCHES.

Bombay Gymkhana ground—4-15 p.m. —Bombay City Police vs. Kalyanmal Sports Club (Indore) 5-30 p.m. Baria State XI vs. "The Times of India" Sports Club.

B.P.H.A. ground—5-30 p.m.—Young Sports vs. Bhimraj Sports Club. (Ordered replay following a protst by the last named Club).

YOUNG SPORTS NOT SUSPENDED.

Bhimraj Sports Club, who were recently beaten by the Young Sports, after a drawn game initially, in the Aga Khan Hockey Tournament lodged a protest against the Young Sports fielding a player, who had turned out for another Club during the present hockey season. All hockey circles were fully expecting the suspension of the Young Sports, as this was demanded by the existing Rules governing all tournaments.

The Press, however, were informed on Tuesday that the decision of the official of the B.P.H.A., but the Khan Tournament merely ordered a replay of the match. A report is current in hockey circles that the Young Sports were unaware that Gidney, of the R.I.N. had played in the Lewis Cup, and that they were assured that Gidney could be played by them by a high official of the B.P.H.A.

CORRECT DATA WANTING.

No one questions the assurance of the official of the B.P.H.A., but the excuse that no one knew that Gidney had participated in another tournament, for a Club other than the Young Sports will not hold water.

It has to be added that the information maintained by the B.P.H.A. about players and their hockey activities must be wanting in many direction, if that body, at a glance can not say definitely whether a player is eligible or not to play for a team, or can get a transfer. This poorness of record keeping is bad for all concerned.

PLAYER SUSPENDED.

The Aga Khan Tournament Committee besides ordering a replay has suspended Gidney for the rest of the tournament. It would be interesting to have a Press statement on the whole incident, as everything is in a cloud of mystery. All hockey fans know officially a protest was lodged, a replay has been ordered and Gidney can not play further in the tournament. A few details would have been enlightening to the large number of people following one of India's biggest hockey tournament.

INTER-SCHOOL HOCKEY.

The following matches will be played to-day in the Dr. Veigas Inter-School hockey tournament on St. Xavier's Gymkhana ground, Parel:

4-30 p.m.—Dr. Antonio da Silva High School vs. St. Sebastian's Goan High School "B".

5-30 p.m. St. Mary's High School "A" vs. St. Andrew's High School.

Trainer Jennings Commits Suicide?

Mr. Claude Jennings, a well-known horse trainer of Bombay Race Course, it is believed, committed suicide by jumping from the parapet on the second floor of the members' enclosure at Mahalaxmi Race Course to-day.

It would appear that Mr Jennings, after drinking some bluish liquid from a Neurophosphates bottle, was seen sitting on the parapet wall of the Members' Enclosure. His strange attitude and demeanour seems to have attracted the attention of an employee of the Club, who immediately rushed to the Secretary of the Race Club.

Mr. Gulliland, hastening to the spot, asked Mr. Jennings to wait there and himself hurried up the stairs. But before the Secretary could reach the top floor, Mr. Jennings, it seems, fell down violently from a height of nearly forty feet. Death due to the violent fall, seems to have been almost instantaneous.

The Police Surgeon held a post-mortem examination and the body was handed over to his relatives. The inquest into the accident is pending.

A note book, it is stated, was found in his pocket in which he had written that he was tired of life.

Moses Wins Two Titles

BARODA, March 24.

Angelo Moses retained the men's singles title for the third successive year in the Union Gymkhana Tennis Tournament, when he beat H. Desai in the final. Moses also won the mixed doubles title in partnership with Mrs. Wadia.

The following are the results of the finals played yesterday:—

MEN'S SINGLES: Angelo Moses beat H. Desai 6-0; 6-1.

MIXED DOUBLES: Mrs. Wadia and Angelo Moses beat Mrs. Desai and H. Desai 6-4; 9-11; 6-4.

JUNIORS' SINGLES: K. Dalal beat D. Khambata 6-4; 7-9; 6-4.

JUNIORS' DOUBLES: K. Dalal and R. Khambata beat H. Karanjawala and D. Khambata 6-3; 6-0.

MUTT AND JEFF—Now Mutt Knows the Difference

By BUD FISHER

YOU RUNT, I'VE BEEN LOOKING FOR YOU!! WHAT DID YOU MEAN BY SMACKING ME YESTERDAY?
ME? NOT ME, MUTT! I DIDN'T DO IT!
YOU WORM! ARE YOU TRYIN' TO DENY THAT YOU DIDN'T SMACK ME WHEN I SAW YOU WITH MY OWN EYES?
HONEST, MUTT! I DIDN'T DO IT! IT MUST HAVE BEEN MY TWIN BROTHER! YOU CAN'T TELL US APART!
OH, NO?
SOCK!
WELL, NOW I CAN! THE ONE I'M NOT LOOKIN' FOR HAS A BLACK EYE!
?
Fisher
11-30

EASTER

CHEAP FARES

Issued from April 4th to April 14th, available until April 28th.

ALL CLASSES

1st and 2nd Class at a fare and one-third for the return journey for stations over 100 miles apart. Inter and 3rd Class at one and a half fares for the return journey from or to Bombay Central, Dadar, Bandra and Borivli to or from stations over 100 miles.

B B & C I

Did you MACLEAN your teeth to-day?

Right—you did

British To The Teeth

IF YOUR BREATH HAS A SMELL YOU CAN'T FEEL WELL

Unless 2 pints of bile juice flow from our liver into our bowels every day, our movements get hard and constipated and our food decays unnaturally in our 28 feet of bowels. This decay sends poison all over our body every six minutes. It makes us gloomy, grouchy and no good for anything. Our friends smell this decay coming out of our mouth and call it bad breath. Laxatives and mouth washes only help a little. Take Carter's Little Liver Pills. They get those 2 pints of bile flowing freely and then you feel on the "up and up." Ask for Carter's Little Liver Pills by name and get what you ask for.

WELL-DRESSED MEN

THE BUSINESS MAN

His office shirt is as carefully ordered as his desk top, and for the same reason—increased efficiency through comfort. The new striped "firefly" shirting is of fine texture to let the skin breathe, and absorbent for chill-proof coolness. The bow tie is made of the same cloth as the shirt, but in a slightly different pattern; the flecked colouring of "Firefly" lends itself to gay but discreet harmonies. The tie is also washable.

LUSTALIN and Firefly SHIRTINGS

Well-Dressed Men Also Wear

HANAVA and Riviera Featherweight UNCRUSHABLE COTTON Suitings

look for these trade marks on the selvedge

BUCKINGHAM & CARNATIC MILLS MADRAS

Federated Group Keeps Out

Mayor's Annual Tea Party To City Fathers

Mr. Mathooradas Tricamjee, the Mayor, gave a Tea Party to the Municipal Councillors and principal officers of Bombay Municipality on Tuesday evening at the Municipal Corporation Hall. The Corporation Hall was tastefully decorated and the Mayor, in spite of his ill health, received the guests with his characteristic smiles.

Among those present were also the past Mayors, viz: Sir Sultan Chinoy, Sir J. B. Boman Behram, Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, Dr. E. Moses, Dr. M. C. Javle and others.

After tea the Mayor thanked the guests for responding to his invitations to which Mr. B. N. Karanjia, the Past Mayor, made a suitable reply.

The members of the Federated Group were conspicuous by their absence.

Mr. A. P. Sabawala, the leader of the Federated Group sent a letter on 22nd instant to the Mayor signed by 19 of his colleagues intimating to the Mayor that they had decided not to attend the Mayor's Tea Party and requesting the Mayor to see that the Congress Party observed the pact entered into last year by the leader of the Congress Party, Mr. Nagindas T. Master, both in letter as well as in spirit.

Mayor's Request

The Mayor replied to Mr. Sabavala as under.

Corporation Hall, Bombay, 22nd March, 1941.

My dear Sabavala,

I have seen the joint reply to my invitation, sent by you and 19 other Councillors. It has maae me sad. I had the great privilege of enjoying throughout the year the fullest co-operation from al sections of the House, including the Federated Group. I had also the privilege of enjoying the most cordial relations with all of you. Members of your group were good enough to respond to my invitation and join the reception I gave to the Chinese Goodwill Mission only in November last. They were also good enough to join me in the group photograph of the Corporation that was taken only last January. When I heard that you and other friends were inclined not to accept my invitation, I spoke to Messrs. Bharucha and Pradhan, Secretaries of your Group, and requested them to place before your Group my earnest desire to see your presence at the proposed tea party that is normally given to the members of the Corporation by the Mayor on the eve of his retirement. I once again now earnestly request you to modify your decision and respond to my invitation. It will give me immense satisfaction and pleasure. If I may be permitted to say, the larger interest of the Corporation also requires that the Chair may be kept aloof from party differences. The Chair in every responsible deliberative body is considered as the point towards which every member and every section of the House converges. It is not in the interest of a deliberative body as a whole to abandon this healthy practice unless the incumbent of the Chair has proved beyond doubt unworthy of the position he occupies. I trust you and other friends will not disappoint me.

Yours, sincerely,
MATHOORADAS TRICAMJEE.

Sabavala's Reply

Taj Mahal Hotel, Comptroller General's Office, 24th March, 1941.

My dear Mathooradas,

Let me assure you that your letter of 22nd instant has touched me very deeply. I am glad you acknowledge the co-operation which my friends of the federated group has given you throughout your mayoralty. If you remember, things tended to be a little ugly in the beginning of your career. So let us examine the events of this year of your mayoralty.

When things were assuming troublesome proportions, Mr Nagindas Master approached me informally to find out if things could be adjusted and the work of the Corporation carried on peacefully. Then there started a series of conferences between Mr. Nagindas and myself and some of my friends of the federated group. The result was happy. The Congress party agreed to give us six seats out of sixteen. Even at this stage the members of the federated group showed exemplary sacrifice and a high sense of duty. Mr. Nagindas pointed out that as there were some independents on the Committees and as they could not be asked to retire, we agreed to carry on with a depleted number until occasion arose when the independents would retire by rotation. The crux of the whole situation is that the federated group would get six seats on the Statutory Committees.

In the recent conversation, I found that the Congress party was going back on its word. The agreement was a gentleman's agreement, and when an attempt is made to break that agreement you will admit that the side that is injured must fight and defend its rights. The federated group even in its last attempt at appeasement showed great self-restraint. We gave up our demands for chairmanships.

I may also point out that the Federated Group is a very important body in the Corporation. It comprises of the entire minority interest and also includes in its fold minority Hindu opinion. Truly an Indian body which I hope will one day grow into a real united India.

You will shortly retire and take your place as a leader of the Congress Party. May I hope that you will carry your knowledge to the great party to which you belong and bring about a real union based on rights of minorities.

You will therefore see how impossible it is for the federated group to take any part in any of the social functions which may be organized by you or any member of your party.

Yours, sincerely,
A. P. SABAVALA.

Mathooradas Tricamjee, Esqr.,
Mayor of Bombay.

"RIOTS BECOMING ORDER OF DAY"

LUCKNOW, March 25.

"These annual riots are becoming an order of the day. I feel, therefore, that deterrent punishment should be awarded to the accused", observed the Assistant Sessions Judge, Lucknow, when four Shias were sentenced to five years' rigorous imprisonment each on the charges of rioting and attempted murder.

The case against the accused arose out of a clash between Shias and Sunnis on the occasion of Baravafat at Lucknow last year, when several Sunnis were injured.—A. P.

26 KHAKSARS GET 18 MONTHS' R. I.

Leader Gets Additional 3 Years' R. I.

MULTAN, March 25.

Twenty-six Khaksars of Sind who were standing their trial on charges of attempt to murder (307 I. P. C.), rioting (148 I. P. C.), and causing hurt to public servant (332 I. P. C.), in connection with the Khaksar-police clash, which occurred at Khanewal Railway Station on 1/6/40, have been convicted and sentenced by the Additional District Magistrate, Multan.

Each of the 26 accused has been sentenced to one year and six months' rigorous imprisonment, under section 148 and 332, I. P. C., respectively, the sentences to run concurrently. The accused, were however, acquitted of the charge of attempt to murder. Maulvi Khair Mohd. the leader of the Khaksar party, was, in addition charged under Section 115 I. P. C. (Abetment) and awarded three years' rigorous imprisonment.—A. P.

Broadcasting Station To Be Opened At Aurangabad

HYDERABAD (Dn.), March 25.

The 'United Press' learns that arrangements in connection with the opening of the Aurangabad Broadcasting Station have been completed. Sir Akbar Hydari, President of the Nizam's Executive Council, will inaugurate the Station on April 4.

Miss Hirabhai Barodekar of Bombay with her party has been invited by the State Broadcasting Department to give musical performance on the opening occasion.

LEAGUE 'PURDAH' ON DESOUZA REPORT

NEW DELHI, March 24.

The "United Press" lobby correspondent learns that in accordance with the wishes of the Muslim League Party and the European Group Mr. Frank Desouza's report on the work of rules and orders relating to the representation of minority communities in the services of the State-managed Railways would not be discussed in the Assembly or the Council of State.

Mr. I. Wilson, Chief Commissioner of Railways, tabled a motion that a review of the working of these rules be taken into consideration. Since then the Muslim League Party has expressed itself against discussion on the report by Mr. Frank Desouza. Accordingly it is understood that no discussion on the report will take place in the Central Legislature.—United Press.

STATE MUSLIMS AND PAKISTAN

AKOLA, March 24.

The demands and grievances of Muslim subjects in various States were voiced and a number of resolutions adopted at the annual session of the Vindhyachal Bloc of the All-India States Muslim League Conference held here under the presidentship of Nawab Bahadur Yar Jung Bahadur. The Vindhyachal Bloc includes the States of Central India, Rajputana, Gujerat and Kathiawad.

The Conference endorsed the Pakistan scheme and urged the All-India Muslim League to take immediate steps for the realisation of the scheme.

While appreciating the efforts made by the rulers of Indian States for increasing the association of their subjects in administrative spheres, the Conference expressed the hope that due consideration would be given to the demands of the Muslims regarding separate electorates, substantial weightage and effective reservation in any constitutional scheme that may be introduced in the States.

The Conference also urged the British Government and State Rulers to safeguard the rights of State Muslims in any future political adjustment in India.—A. P.

ESSENCE OF WARDHA SCHEME, TO LEARN BY DOING

Gandhiji's Address To Nagpur Mahila Ashram Students

(From Our Correspondent.)
NAGPUR (By Mail.)

Addressing the students of the Mahila Ashram, who went to see Mahatma Gandhi at Sevagram on Saturday Mahatma Gandhi said: "You must try to learn by doing. That is the essence of Wardha Scheme also. I do not want you to become learned ladies but I wish you to qualify yourselves as good Sevikas. You must not forget that India consists of seven lakhs of villages."

. . . AND SO THEY LOST THE GAME

the whole side beaten because one man, their crack bat, couldn't turn up. He was laid up with a swell dose of toothache. It often happens that way—just at the wrong time. That's when it pays to have a tablet of SARIDON, the perfect pain killer which relieves within 10 minutes, acts for hours and has no after effects. Whatever your ache, wherever your pain, SARIDON puts you right in no time. Sold everywhere in envelopes of 2 and tubes of 10 tablets.

Saridon

Ancient Ayurvedic Gems

Kaya-Kalpas

which are already low-priced

at 3/4th PRICE IN MARCH

(Full Prices are quoted in the advt.)

In the ancient books of Ayurveda are found several methods of Kaya-Kalpa, i.e., Rejuvenation, though they are very difficult to practise. Shri Pandit Malaviyaji had to remain in a dark chamber for 40 days. There was not much of medication; only Amlas (myrobalans) prepared with Palash (Bastard Teak) were given; but there were plenty of restrictions; everyone cannot observe them. There is much of research yet to be done, even with regard to that method, because results were not as given in books. I have in mind to start making experiments about this science of Kaya-Kalpa, but yet it is in God's hands. There is a strong desire among the general public for it and it should be fulfilled.

In this advertisement such medicines are being published which can be used without any restrictions; the only condition being that they should be used for a long time. Whoever uses them will be delighted. He would find greater activity, youth and pleasure of living, day by day. The whole system will develop greater power of resistance and will become purer day by day. These medicines have been priced quite low so that every one can benefit from these gifts which the Benign Creator has created for man. A large number of users will mean quite a sufficient amount of profit to us, though very little from each one. These Kaya-Kalpas are prepared only from vegetable and herbal products (except Kaya-Kalpa Amiri).

AMRIT KAYA-KALPA NO. 1.—Take 3 to 6 mashas of this every evening with milk, water or honey; you would notice the following results by its daily use:—

Bowels would move freely· habitual constipation would be rectified; digestion would improve; appetite will be felt; you would relish your food; flatulance would be gone; day by day your body will feel more active and vigorous; wrinkles faded, complexion and other signs of old age would begin to disappear; teeth will become firm; excessive salivation and offensive odour from the mouth will disappear, falling of hair will stop, premature grey hair will return to their natural colour within a few months, brain would be clearer, eyesight would improve, blood would become richer, life would seem enjoyable and worth living, brooding or worries will not overpower you, various deep-rooted ailments of your body will begin to flee, diabetes, etc., piles, chronic fevers, coughs, cold will be gradually cured. Its use will relieve fever whether new or chronic. It can be used even in malaria and it cures influenza, colds, catarrh, etc.; even epilepsy, insanity, melancholia would disappear. It can be used by men, women, young or old. Children who are growing weaker and suffer from fever, cough, constipation, etc., will find it very beneficial. Price for half a pound Re. 1 only, which would contain from 40 to 80 doses. 1 or 1½ pice per day to spend is easy for all.

AMRIT KAYA-KALPA NO. 2.—This is to be given to those who have wasted themselves or have become weak and exhausted and wasting habits and ills are eating up their bodies like worms. This is also to be taken 6 mashas daily.

It produces the vital fluids, purer & richer. It makes the body strong, vigorous and well-developed. It also strengthens the brain; the body recovers all the wastage made in early years; man begins to feel youthful. It can also be given to those females, who have become weak and are greatly exhausted through leucorrhoea or out of debility are suffering from menorrhagia. This medicine cannot be given to children. Persons suffering from constipation, piles, colds, catarrh, etc., should take Amrit Kaya-Kalpa No. 2 in the morning and Amrit Kaya-Kalpa No. 1 at night time and make their bodies golden. In case there is no such ailment, Amrit Kaya Kalpa No. 2 may be taken in the morning and at night time the use of Kiran Jawani will add lustre to gold. All the vital organs, glands and muscles of the body will become stronger and stronger daily. This has also been priced very low. Re. 1 per box of 40 Doses (half pound).

AMRIT KAYA-KALPA NO. 3.—This Kalpa has been prepared for those whose bodies have been victimised by rheumatic, phlegmatic and neuralgic ailments. Pain in the joints to-day, backache to-morrow, sometimes shaking of hands and feet and sometimes a faltering gait. Such persons have a miserable old age. Most of them become old in their youth. The dosage of this medicine is only 1½ masha (1|3 tola) to 3 masha (1|4 tola). Its benefits are like those of Amrit Kaya-Kalpa No. 1. It is a useful medicine for wrinkles of the body, premature grey hair, premature looseness of teeth, falling of hair and weakness of eyesight, exhaustion of the glands, constipation, indigestion, colds, catarrh, skin diseases, asthma, cough, rheumatism, gout, sciatica, white leprosy, anaemia, guinae worms and piles; and also phlegmatic colds, catarrh, cough and asthma. It cures menstrual disorders of women and builds rickety children. Price for 1|4 lb. only Re. 1. It is enough for 40 to 80 days. This Kalpa can also be used with Amrit Kaya-Kalpa No. 1 or 2.

AMRIT KAYA-KALPA AMIRI (No. 4). If the well-to-do people take this Kalpa along with any of the above mentioned Kalpas or this Kalpa alone, they would find it of great benefit. This Kalpa contains Bhasmas of ruby, emerald, nilam, topaz turquoise, saphire, sub-diamond, pearls, coral, mica, steel, tin, gold, silver etc., and saffron, amber, musk etc., are also included in its preparation, all having been prepared by a special method. Whoever uses these makes himself safe from ailments and enjoys a long life and youthfulness in old age. He has vigour for all activities of life, all the important organs of the body, brain, liver, kidneys etc., become vitalised, melancholia, palpitation, blood pressure, anxiety-neurosis and other ailments of the brain and heart, disappear. There is increase of blood, flesh, bones, and vital fluids. It makes weak persons strong and their bodies stout and well developed. It sharpens the memory and improves the eyesight and the senses of hearing, tasting and smelling become normal. Disorders of the males, and female diseases like leucorrhoea, menorrhagia, hysteria etc., are cured and both become capable. Digestion is improved, colds, catarrh, chronic headache etc., are gone; chronic fevers and consumption disappear and the body becomes like gold. In spite of great labour and precious metals contained in it, the price has been kept very low. Price Re. 1 for 7 pills, Rs. 5 for 40 pills and Rs. 9 for 80 pills.

Pt. THAKUR DATTA SHARMA VAIDYA, PROPRIETOR
AMRITDHARA, LAHORE.

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HERE'S good news for everyone with false teeth! You can keep them *perfectly clean and wholesome* this new easy way. Simply place them in 'Steradent' solution overnight—or while you dress. Its effective, harmless action removes film and stains. What's more, 'Steradent' cleans every crevice and completely sterilizes dentures. No wonder there is a tremendous demand for it. Try 'Steradent' yourself. You will be delighted at its convenience and effectiveness. Obtainable from all chemists and dealers.

HOW TO DO IT

Fill cap of the tin with 'Steradent', empty in half tumbler warm water and stir well. Leave dentures in for 20 minutes or overnight. Rinse well in cold water under the tap before using.

Small Re. 1/- at Ports
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Regd. No B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, MARCH 26, 1941

For BEAUTY & COMPLEXION USE
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Move For Communal Unions Defeated

No Recognition Of Labour Split Up

MENACE TO ORGANISED LABOUR:

Source Of Weakness To Trade Unionism, Says Home Member

NEW DELHI, March 25.

The Central Assembly by 48 votes to 17 rejected Mr. Abdulla's resolution urging recognition of communal unions of Government employees.

The Muslim League Party's demand for recognition of communal Unions of Government employees was the subject of a lively debate to-day in the Assembly when it continued discussion on Mr. H. M. Abdullah's resolution recommending "that the present discriminatory policy of Government as regards recognition of so-called common Unions of Government employees and non-recognition of the so-called communal unions of Government employees should be abandoned forthwith and Unions of employees belonging to any one particular section or community should be officially recognised."

MUSLIMS AND TRADE UNIONS

Mr. N. M. Joshi, speaking first, said that the majority community in the country ought to make sacrifices in order to secure the confidence of the minority communities but he could not support the demand for communal Unions, because the Trade Union was an organisation of an economic class and was only concerned with the general economic interests of that class. There was no clash of interests, he declared, between employees of Government who were either Hindus or Muslims; rates of wages, leave rules, pension rules were the same for all.

"A NATIONAL DEMAND"

Maulvi Abdul Ghani asserted that Mussalmans did not get sufficient opportunity in the so-called national Trade Unions to express their grievances; hence they should be given separate Trade Unions. The Muslims, he declared, were a nation and their demand for separate Unions was a national demand.

Mr. P. J. Griffiths vigorously opposing the resolution declared that the extension of the principle of communalism to Trade Unionism was fraught with danger to organised Labour in this country. Once the principle was accepted, it must spread to the general industrial sphere; in fact, some of the speeches had made it abundantly clear that it was intended to be applied to all Unions.

There was, he declared, no difference between Hindus and Muslims in matters with which Trade Unions dealt, namely wages, hours of work and amenities of life.

NOT A MAHASABHITE

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta characterised the resolution as contradictory; it talked of the "discriminatory policy of Government" whereas in fact it was Government who did not want to discriminate in the matter of membership of Trade Unions and it was the mover and supporters of the resolution who wanted there should be discrimination. He considered the resolution also as a reflection on the Chair and on the leader of the House, because being Muslims they could not, according to the resolution discharge their duties without being always conscious of the fact that they were Muslims.

Mr. Jamnadas declared it had been his privilege to represent Hindu as well as Muslim workers as President of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation. He made it clear that he was not a member of the Hindu Mahasabha. He also mentioned that on not less than ten, probably fifteen, occasions, delegates and advisers to the International Labour Conferences had been Muslims. Even if Muslims claimed to be a separate nation, he reminded the House that members of different nations formed the world wide federation of workers.

IS "COMMUNL" A TERM OF ABUSE?

Mr. G. B. Nairang observed that most of the previous speeches were irrelevant to the crux of the resolution. If a Muslim Booking Clerk or a Judge remembered all the time that he was a Muslim, he would make an ideal Booking Clerk and an ideal Judge, for the Islamic tenets enjoined Muslims to be just, impartial and considerate towards others. Mr. Nairang said that he had ceased to regard the word communal as a term of abuse that it was intended by the majority community to be.

WORLD MOVEMENT.

Mr. Aney emphasised that Governmental unions were also a part of the big movement in the world to consolidate the working classes; and if anything done in India had the effect of introducing in that movement the communal or separatist spirit, it was not only detrimental to the employers but to the wider world movement. The resolution called upon the Government to take a reactionary step which they should not take the responsibility of accepting. He alluded to the fact that three members of the House who had experience of running Trade Unions had spoken against the resolution.

IN ENGLAND AND IN INDIA.

Sir Ziauddin said Mr. Griffiths was trying to apply Trade Union principles of England to India, where there were employers who, he said, refused to employ people because they were Muslims. Was anyone being refused employment in England because he was a Protestant? (Mr. Griffiths: very often). Sir Ziauddin said every country had to pass through various stages of development in the matter of the Trade Union movement and communal Unions represented one of the stages. Trade Unions, he declared, must not be run by politicians, because such unions became the appandage of political bodies Mr. Jamnadas Mehta's Federation was an appendage of the Congress.

Bhai Parmanand, intervening, pointed out that Mr. Jamnadas Mehta had just defeated a Congress candidate and had come to the House. What was the good of saying he was a Congressman?

Sir Ziauddin said that the number of questions put in the House about representation of Muslims was an indication of the need for some machinery to consider the matter.—A. P.

MAITRA'S CHALLENGE

Mr. L. K. Maitra assured Dr. Ziauddin that the Service Unions could not take up the question of prayers or meals nor could these unions take up individual cases. He challenged the statement that these Unions were a close preserve of Hindus, and gave instances in which Muslims were elected Presidents of these Unions. Mr. Azharali and Sir Abdul Halim Ghuznavi were Presidents of Unions, whose members were predominantly Hindus.

ABOLISH IT

Speaking on behalf of the R. M. S. Union he said that they had never accepted even the policy of communalism in services. Time had now come for Government to abolish that policy. Government must declare that that policy should not be extended to Labour.

Sir Raza Ali explained that the main grievance of the Muslim employees of Government was that the Home Department resolution dated 6th July, 1934, was not being given effect to in letter and spirit, in regard to appointments, promotion and dismissals. If the common union were not prepared to help the Muslim members, then surely there was conflict of interests and, therefore, there was discrimination against the Muslims. That being so it was duty of the Government to be just and act courageously by accepting the resolution under discussion.

GHUZNAVI CAN'T SHUT HIS EYES

Sir Abdul Halim Ghuznavi declared that he detested communal unions but they could not shut their eyes to facts. The feeling among the Muslims employees was that by joining a common union their grievances could not be removed. That feeling was based on facts and past experience

GOVT. WON'T HAVE IT

Sir Reginald Maxwell Home Member, said in considering their attitude, Government had approached the question with an open mind and had endeavoured to give due weight to the feelings of those in favour of the resolution; and if he had to oppose it, it was only because after full consideration Government remained of the opinion that they had previously held that it was not either in the best interests of the employees themselves nor of the general public that communal unions should be given official recognition.

Explaining the circumstances in which Government agreed in 1920 to give recognition to associations of Government servants, the Home Member said it was agreed that these associations could only be for the purpose of making representations on matters of common interest to a whole class of Government employees. On other matters Government employees were able to submit individual memorials.

SOURCE OF WEAKNESS

Generally in their capacity as members of a service, the interests of the members of one community were not different from those of others; and for communal purposes communal unions were unnecessary and would be a source of weakness.

Explaining how communal unions could be a source of weakness, the Home Member pointed out, it would be easy for Government or for any other employer to play off one against another and exploit any differences in their demands.

The only objects of a communal association or union could be to make representations on either recruitment or promotion. As regards recruitment Government did not recognise the right of any section of their employees to be consulted as regards the principle to be followed in selecting persons for Government service. Recruitment was a matter in which Government had to deal with the public at large and the politicians (Laughter). The question of promotion was essentially one affecting individuals, and no representation would be received unless it related to matters of common interest.

The present position was that unions could be formed by any sections of a service and be entitled to claim recognition under conditions already mentioned. Government did not prohibit the formation of communal associations of its employees except in the services under the control of the Secretary of State.

OUT OF PLACE IN GOVT. SERVICE.

The Home Member contested the view that Muslim servants of Government could not accept representation by others, even when their interests were the same. The Home Member declared that such a principle was wholly out of place in Government service. Government servants were not recruited in order that they might do for one community what they would not do for another. They came in as servants of a non-partisan Government for carrying on service for all tax-payers and citizens alike. If the mover's argument were extended to its logical end it would mean that Muslims could buy railway tickets only from Muslim booking clerks.

He concluded by appealing to members of the House not to pursue communal subjects but set an example to others of the principle that all citizens had equal rights. That was the only way in which minority problems in the country could be solved. (Cheers).

LEAGUERS' STAND.

Nawabzada Liaqat Ali declared that the debate had led to the irresistible conclusion that there were no Indians in the country; the people were either Hindus or Mussalmans or others. He asserted that the interests of Muslim servants of Government were opposed to those of Hindu servants. It was clear from the speeches of Hindu members in the House that if they had their way they would remove even the principle of communal representation in the services under the Government resolution of 1934. In view of these assertions, could Muslims be blamed if they feared that no movement started for the good of Muslims would get Hindu support?

Mr. Abdul Rashid Chaudhry supporting the resolution declared that the present common trade unions were concerned with every other interest except that of Muslims.

The House divided on the resolution and rejected it by 48 votes to 17.

LOW COTTON PRICES.

During the 50 minutes that remained, Mr. Govind Deshmukh moved his resolution expressing concern at the low prices of Indian cotton, especially short staple and their result on the general economic condition of the cotton growers in India and urging that the recommendations made by the Indian Central Cotton Committee in January at Bombay should be given effect to to help the cotton growers in their present condition.

Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar, Commerce Member, gave general assurances that the Indian Central Cotton Committee's recommendations were under Government's careful consideration, while one or two had already been given effect to.

The mover thereupon withdrew the resolution.

Mr. Deshmukh referred to the loss of foreign markets and the fall in prices and complained that when soon after the war broke out, there was a rise in prices of agricultural commodities Government came out and instituted price control. That he declared, was the worst possible measure that Government could have taken. He had no objection to control of prices of manufactured goods but to deny the advantage of improved prices to the agriculturist, who for years had suffered losses, was nothing short of a crime.

Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar, Commerce Member, pointed out that price control was instituted at the request of Provincial Governments and did not apply to commodities like cotton but only to foodstuffs.

Mr. Deshmukh intervening said if a rise in prices of foodstuffs had been permitted, it would have helped all agriculturists including cotton growers.

Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar pointed out that Government had never intended that the normal rise in prices which the cultivator could get should be prevented.

As regards cotton, he said that the prices of long staple varieties such as Broach had kept fairly steady but with reference to the short staple varieties the position was not free fom anxiety; but these short staple varieties had never been exported to continental markets and the closing of these markets was not therefore the reason for the position.

As regards the recommendations made by the Indian Central Cotton Committee, he said they were receiving the Government of India's earnest consideration but they had been received only a few weeks back and he had not concluded examining them.

Mr. Deshmukh thereupon withdrew his resolution and the House rose till Thursday.—A. P.

INDEPENDENT PARTY

It is announced that the newly formed Independent Party in the Central Assembly is to consist of the following members:—

Lt. Col. Sir Henry Gidney, (Leader), Sir Abdul Halim Ghuznavi (Deputy Leader), Mr. Hooseinbhoy Abdoolabhoy Lalljee (Whip), Maharaja Bahadur Ram Rao Vijai Prasad Singh of Dumraon, Raja J. Manavedan of Nilambur, Khan Bahadur Mian Ghulam Kadir Md. Shashban, Mr. Abdul Rasheed Choudhury, (Secretary), Raja Bahadur Kushal Pal Singh, Rao Saheb Siv Raj, Qazi Mohommad Ahmed Kazmi. Shams-ululma Kamaluddin Ahmed, Rai Bahadur Seth Bhagchand Soni.

The President has recognised the party but has informed the Leader that he is unable to allot a separate block to it for the remaining few days of the session "as it would not be right at this stage to upset the seating arrangements for the session".—A. P.

SOVIET PLEDGE TO TURKEY

Will Not Take Advantage Of Any Aggression

ANKARA, March, 25.

The Soviet Government has informed the Turkish Government that should Turkey be the object of aggression and be led to go to war for the defence of her territory, Turkey may count on entire understanding and neutrality of the Soviet.

This was officially announced to-night. The announcement adds that the Turkish Government has expressed its most sincere thanks to the Soviet Government for this declaration and informed it that the U. S. S. R. on its part may, should it find itself in a similar position, reckon on entire understanding and neutrality of Turkey. A communique is published simultaneously by the Turkish and Soviet Governments.

THE COMMUNIQUE STATES, "DECLARATIONS WERE RECENTLY EXCHANGED BETWEEN THE TURKISH AND SOVIET GOVERNMENTS. FOLLOWING PUBLICATION IN THE FOREIGN PRESS OF REPORTS SAYING THAT IF TURKEY WAS LED TO GO TO WAR THE SOVIET WOULD TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE DIFFICULTIES OF TURKEY AND LAUNCH AN ATTACK UPON HER IN THEIR TURN, AND IN CONNECTION WITH THE QUESTION PUT ON THIS SUBJECT THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT INFORMED THE TURKISH GOVERNMENT AS FOLLOWS:—

Firstly, such reports correspond in nowise to the attitude of the Soviet Government; secondly, should Turkey be, in fact, the object of aggression and be led to go to war for the defence of her territory, Turkey may, in confirmity with the non-aggression pact between her and the U.S.S.R., count on the entire understanding and neutrality of the U.S.S.R.

Turkey Thankful

The Turkish Government has expressed to the Soviet Government its most sincere thanks for this declaration and informed it that should the U.S.S.R. find itself in a similar situation it might on its part, reckon on the entire understanding and neutrality of Turkey."

A Vichy message says the news that a Russo-Turkish declaration is to be published simultaneously in Moscow and Ankara has caused a sensation in the Turkish capital, according to an Ankara telegram to the Official French Agency.

It is pointed out in Ankara that the negotiations ending in its signature were begun on the initiative of Russia. The preamble explains that Russia wished to signify by an official document that she had no intention whatever of attacking Turkey, taking advantage of any aggression against that country.

On the contrary in the two clauses that follow Moscow assures Ankara of its neutrality should Turkish territory be attacked. The third clause expresses reciprocal intentions on the part of Turkey should Russia be attacked.

The Soviet assurance to Turkey is considered here to have cleared the atmosphere of misunderstanding which existed between the two countries before the Finnis War. To a great extent the joint Soviet Turkish declaration removes apprehension over Turkey's eastern frontiers and simultaneously deals a knockout blow to German propagandists in Turkey.—Reuter.

Govt. And Indian Mercantile Marine

NEW DELHI, March 25.

"The policy of the Government of India with regard to the development of Indian Mercantile Marine is to give all possible and reasonable assistance to it." said Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar in reply to Mr. A. C. Datta in the Assembly this morning.

In reply to Mr. Chapman Mortimer's question on the special provisions for compensation in respect of war injuries and war damage, the Commerce Member said that the Government of India had not reached final conclusions in the matter.

Mr. Khedan Lal (Congress) took his seat in the House this morning.

Charlie Chan Detective Story Day By Day

WHO'S WAITING WHERE?

BANANA BOAT MYSTERY

SURE YOU WON'T CHANGE YOUR MIND AND FLY WITH US TO THE NORTH WOODS, BIENA?
NO! NO! NO! BIENA I RIDE IN AUTOMOBILE WITH COOK OF MR. KORNWELLER!
WE'RE OFF, J.C.!
AH! ALREADY I KNOW WE ARE GOING TO HAVE A NUMBER ONE TIME! THE NORTH WOODS! SUCH AIR! SUCH SCENERY!
BUT HE AIN'T GONNA SEE IT!
SHUT UP, STUPID!
AND FAR AWAY FROM CHARLIE CHAN...
EVERYTHING WORKS AS YOU PLAN, MASTER! PILOTS WIRELESS THEY READY TO LEAVE!
GOOD! WE WILL BE WAITING!
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Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.